Environmental Mitigation Plan Public



This Plan contains proprietary, and/or commercially sensitive information of Bay State Wind LLC (d/b/a Sunrise Wind 2) which as been redacted from the "Public Version" of this Proposal. This Plan should be treated as a non-public record that is exempt from disclosure to the extent permitted under applicable laws and/or as expressly set forth in the Request for Proposals.

Environmental Mitigation Plan

for

Sunrise Wind 2

Version [1.0]

Prepared pursuant to ORECRFP22-1

with

New York State Energy Research and Development Authority

Albany, NY

Prepared by

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January 26, 2023

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Revision Date	Description of changes	Revision on pages
1.0; 01/26/2023	[Original issue]	-

Communication Officers, Contact Information, Links			
Name/Title	Role	Contact Information	

Link to project information: https://us.orsted.com/renewable-energy-solutions/offshore-wind

Table of Contents

1.0	Environmental Mitigation Plan Summary	
1.1	Overall Philosophy and Principles	
1.2	Overall Approach to Incorporating Data and Stakeholder Feedback	
1.3	Existing Guidance and Best Practices That Will Be Followed	1-3
2.0	Communications and Collaboration Approach	2-1
2.1	Overview and Communication Plan Objectives	
2.2	Communciation Officers/Positions, Responsibilities, and Contact Information	
2.3	Identification of Stakeholders	
2.4	Participation in Stakeholder and Technical Working Groups	2-4
	2.4.1 Communication with E-TWG	
	2.4.2 Communication with Other New York State Agencies	2-4
	2.4.3 Communication with Other Stakeholder and Working Groups	
	2.4.4 Communication and Collaboration with Other Developers	
2.5	Communication Methods and Tools by Phase	
	2.5.1 Methods by Phase	2-6
3.0	Supporting Other Research	3-1
3.1	Support of Collaborative Research	
3.2	Handling/Processing Requests	
3.3	Data Availability	
3.4	Proposed Restrictions	
3.5	Financial Commitment for Third-Party Research	
3.6	Proposed or Existing Commitments/Collaborations	
4.0 4.1	Proposed Mitigation of Impacts to Marine Mammals and Sea TurtlesBaseline Characterization	
4.1	4.1.1 Available Information	
	4.1.2 Data Being Collected	
4.2	Species at Risk	
4.3	Potential Impacts and Mitigation Measures by Phase	
4.4	Monitor for Potential Impacts During Each Phase	
7.7	4.4.1 Assess and Quantify Changes	
	4.4.2 Address Data Gaps	
4.5	Strategies for Developing Alternate Protocols	
5.0	Proposed Mitigation of Impacts to Birds and Bats	
5.1	Baseline Characterization	
5.2	5.1.2 Data Collected	
5.3	Potential Impacts/Risks and Mitigation Measures by Project Stage	
5.4	Monitor for Impacts During Each Phase	
J. 4	5.4.1 Pre/Post Monitoring to Assess and Quantify Changes	5-9 5-0
	5.4.2 Address Data Gaps	
5.5	Strategies for Developing Alternate Protocols	
6.0	Proposed Mitigation of Impacts to Fish, Invertebrates, and Their Habitats	
6.1	Baseline Characterization	
	6.1.1 Available Information	
	6.1.2 Data Being Collected	ხ-8

6.2	Spe	cies At Risk	6-9
6.3	Pot	ential Impacts/Risks and Mitigation Measures by Project Stage	6-11
6.4	Mo	nitor for Impacts During Each Phase	6-12
	6.4.	1 Pre/Post Monitoring to Assess and Quantify Changes	6-13
	6.4.	2 Addressing Data Gaps	6-14
6.5		tegies for Developing Alternate Proposals	
7.0	Co	nsiderations for Subsea and Overland Cables	7-1
7.1	Miti	gation Strategies for Subsea and Overland Cables	7-1
8.0	Ad	ditional Considerations	8-1
8.1	Add	litional Mitigation Strategies and EMP Refinement	8-1
8.2	Pro	cess for Updating the EMP	8-1
9.0	Pro	ject Decommissioning	9-1
9.1		ential Impacts on Marine Wildlife, Birds, Bats, and Fisheries	
9.2	App	proach for Decommissioning Plan and Coordination with Stakeholders	9-1
List	of Ta	bles	
Table	2.1	Communications Officers and Contact Information	2-2
Table	2.2	Proposed Outreach Methods and Tools by Project Phase	2-6
Table	4.1	Potential Impacts to Marine Mammals and Sea Turtles and Proposed	
		Mitigation Measures	4-10
Table	5.1	Potential Impacts and Risk to Birds and Bats and Proposed Mitigation	
		Measures	5-7
Table	6.1 F	Potential Impacts to Fish, Invertebrates, and Their Habitats and Proposed	
		Mitigation Measures	6-11

1.0 ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION PLAN SUMMARY

1.1 OVERALL PHILOSOPHY AND PRINCIPLES

This section should describe the overall philosophy and principles the Developer will follow to avoid, minimize, restore, and off-set potential environmental impacts.

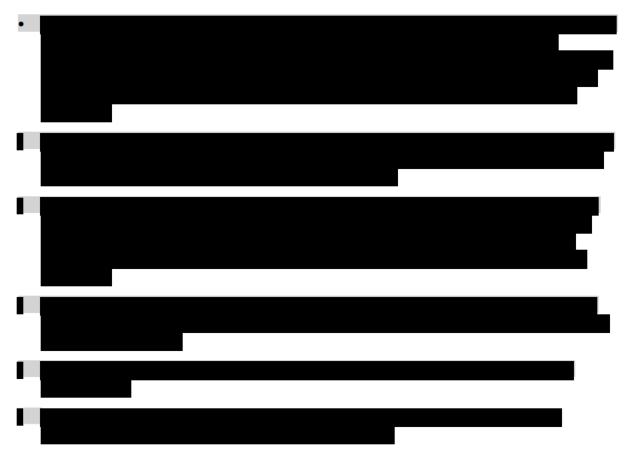
- At Ørsted, we have a vision of a world that runs entirely on green energy. As one of the world's
 largest green energy developers, sustainability is deeply rooted in what we do and who we are as
 a company. As part of our overall philosophy, we have built our sustainability targets around the
 UN's Sustainable Development Goals and assisted with writing the UN Sustainable Ocean Global
 Principles. Our annual Sustainability report can be found here https://orsted.com/sustainability/esg-ratings-and-reporting/sustainability-report/we-can-makegreen-energy-a-force-for-positive-change
- All energy infrastructure is built in a unique environment where we aim to do our utmost to protect
 the natural ecosystems. It is central that we manage environmental impacts on these ecosystems
 well to acquire permission to build wind farms. In 2018, we adopted a new offshore wind
 biodiversity policy, and in 2021, we set an ambition to deliver a net-positive biodiversity impact
 from all new renewable energy projects commissioned from 2030 at the latest https://orsted.com/en/media/newsroom/news/2021/06/697759855099726.
- Ørsted's net-positive biodiversity ambition aims to address both the climate and biodiversity crisis through a sustainable build-out of green energy at scale including protection of natural habitats and wildlife.



1.2 OVERALL APPROACH TO INCORPORATING DATA AND STAKEHOLDER FEEDBACK

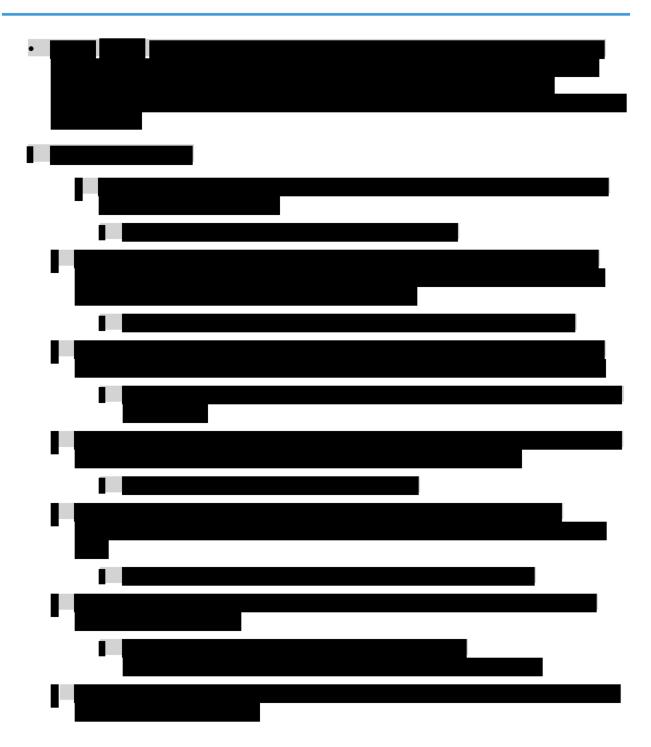
This section should describe how the Developer will use research, data, and stakeholder feedback to update the EMP and support decision-making throughout the life cycle of the project (preconstruction, surveys, site design, construction, operations, and decommissioning).

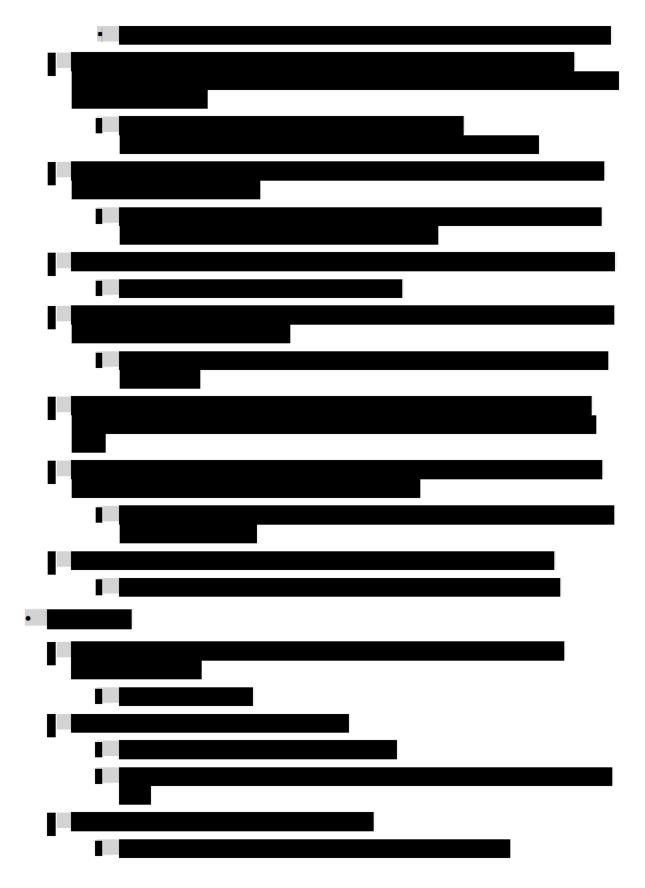
- Sunrise Wind 2 shall seek consultation and coordinate with relevant stakeholders.
- Sunrise Wind 2 shall review existing research and data and seek input from stakeholders regarding data gaps to inform decisions made throughout the Project life cycle.
- Sunrise Wind 2 shall review and seek input from stakeholders on proposed and conducted survey rationales and methodologies as well as design, construction and operation, and decommissioning plans for the Project.
- To the extent that the timeline allows, pre- and post-construction monitoring shall be designed to improve the understanding of impacts of offshore wind energy development and operations on wildlife.

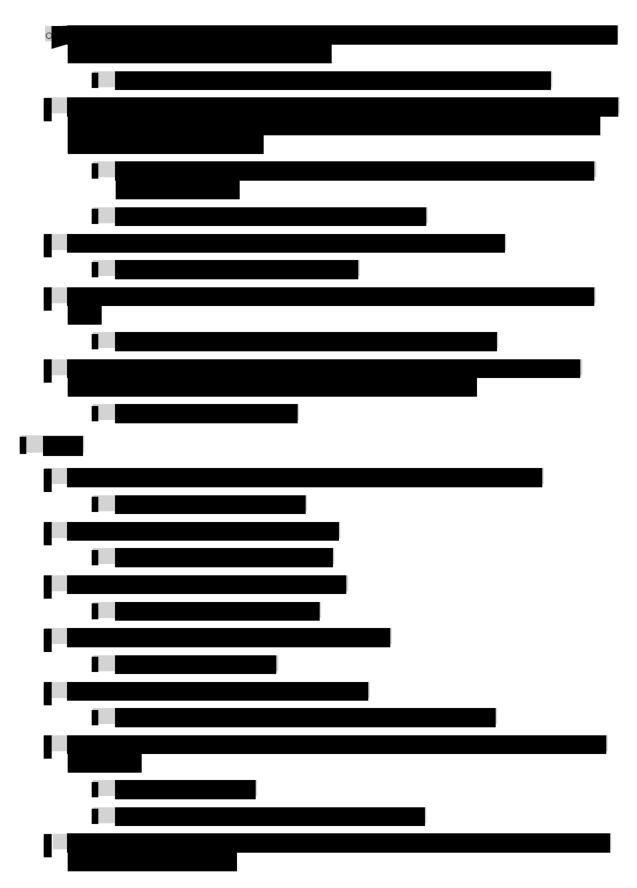


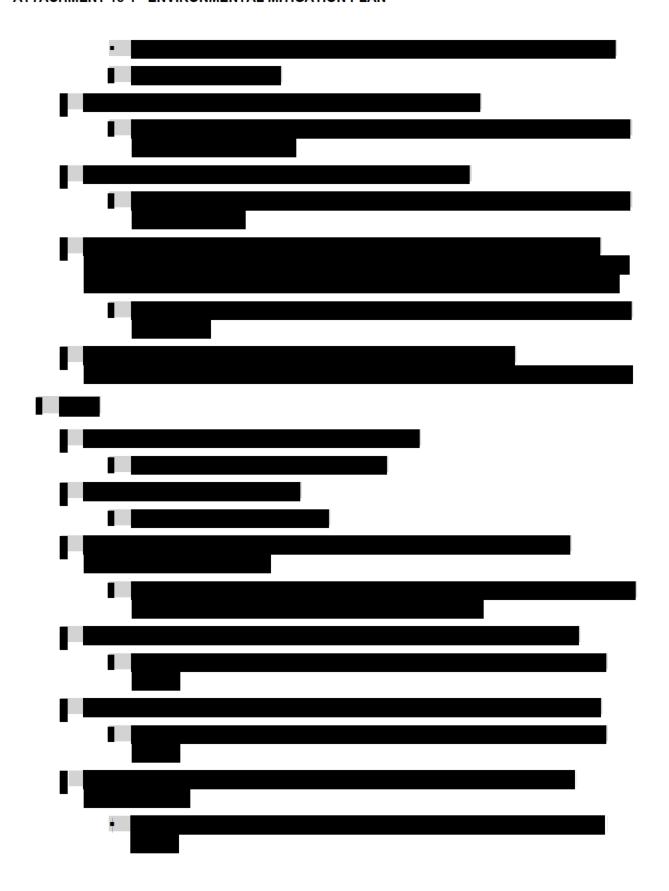
1.3 EXISTING GUIDANCE AND BEST PRACTICES THAT WILL BE FOLLOWED

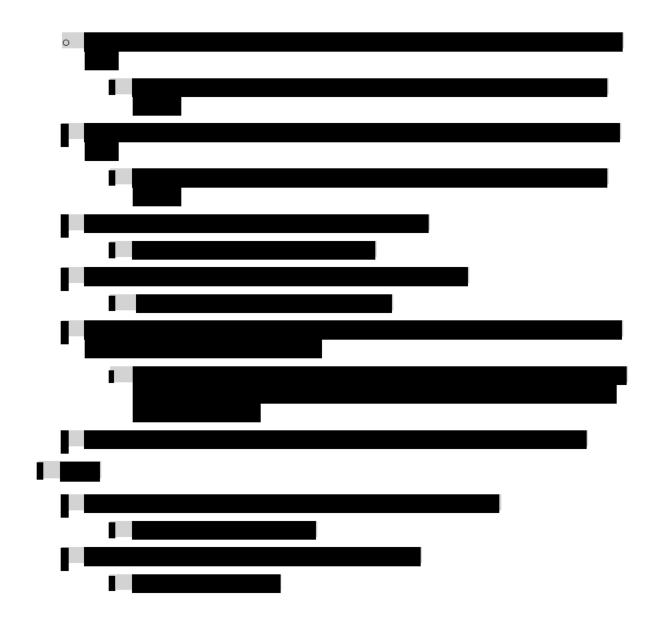
This section should present a list of existing guidance documents, publications, tools, and/or plans that will be followed to support the EMP. Include links, if available, for all references.











2.0 COMMUNICATIONS AND COLLABORATION APPROACH

2.1 OVERVIEW AND COMMUNICATION PLAN OBJECTIVES

This section should provide an overview of the communication plan and objectives and its importance in environmental mitigation.

- Sunrise Wind 2 shall seek methods and processes to allow for a two-way flow of information between key stakeholders and developers, specifically highlighting how Sunrise Wind 2 uses this feedback to inform their decision making.
- Sunrise Wind 2 shall provide updates to environmental stakeholders in an appropriate manner that would be easily accessed and widely distributed.



2.2 COMMUNCIATION OFFICERS/POSITIONS, RESPONSIBILITIES, AND CONTACT INFORMATION

This section will provide a list of communication officers, their role, and name and contact information. The list should provide stakeholders with an understanding of who should be called for a particular issue or question. It will also include links to the project website so readers know where to find additional information.

Table 2.1 Communications Officers and Contact Information

Project	Role/Responsibility	Contact Information

Project	Role/Responsibility	Contact Information

2.3 IDENTIFICATION OF STAKEHOLDERS

This section should describe the process by which stakeholders relevant to environmental issues will be identified and classified by stakeholder group.





2.4 PARTICIPATION IN STAKEHOLDER AND TECHNICAL WORKING GROUPS

2.4.1 Communication with E-TWG

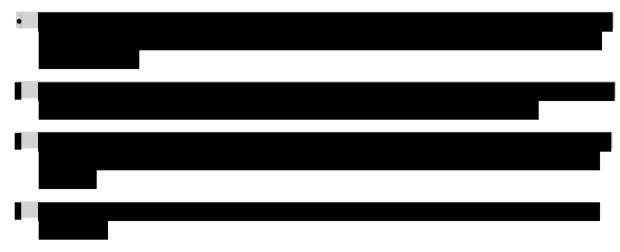
This should describe the communication and collaboration approach with members of the E-TWG and consultations.

- Sunrise Wind 2 shall dedicate Project-specific technical resources to the E-TWG.
- To the extent practicable, Sunrise Wind 2 shall work with the E-TWG and shall attend E-TWG meetings and workshops.
- Sunrise Wind 2 shall identify specific individuals to serve at least one-year terms in the role of primary and secondary core members.



2.4.2 Communication with Other New York State Agencies

This should describe communication with New York State agencies during each phase of the project.



2.4.3 Communication with Other Stakeholder and Working Groups

This should describe any relevant participation with other stakeholder groups that would help inform the EMP.

 Sunrise Wind 2 shall seek to collaborate with other regulatory agencies and stakeholder groups and consider memberships and participation in such collaborative efforts (e.g., E-TWG, F-TWG, ROSA, RWSC, etc.).



2.4.4 Communication and Collaboration with Other Developers

This should describe any relevant participation and collaboration with other developers in the offshore space, with a focus on communication and collaboration with adjacent leaseholders. This may include but is not limited to shared research efforts, coordination of survey methods, or standardization of navigational and safety protocols.

 Sunrise Wind 2 shall seek to maximize the impact of research efforts such as data collection, methodology, analysis, and dissemination by collaborating with other developers, particularly those in adjacent lease areas, taking on similar initiatives.



2.5 COMMUNICATION METHODS AND TOOLS BY PHASE

2.5.1 Methods by Phase

This section should describe the communication and outreach methods and tools that will be employed for each stakeholder group during each phase of the project.

 Sunrise Wind 2 will continually refine its Stakeholder Engagement Plan during each phase of the Project, subject to applicable permitting requirements.

Table 2.2 Proposed Outreach Methods and Tools by Project Phase

Drawand Outrooch Mathada/Taola		Phase*			
Proposed Outreach Methods/Tools	1	2	3	4	
*Phase: 1: Survey/Design; 2: Construction; 3: Operation; 4: Decommission					

3.0 SUPPORTING OTHER RESEARCH

3.1 SUPPORT OF COLLABORATIVE RESEARCH

This section should describe how opportunities for developing or investing in collaborative research with the environmental community to collect ecological data will be identified and undertaken. The description must account for the need to coordinate with members of the E-TWG during data gathering and assessment.

 Sunrise Wind 2 shall commit to being an active member of regional science organizations (e.g., RWSC, ROSA).



3.2 HANDLING/PROCESSING REQUESTS

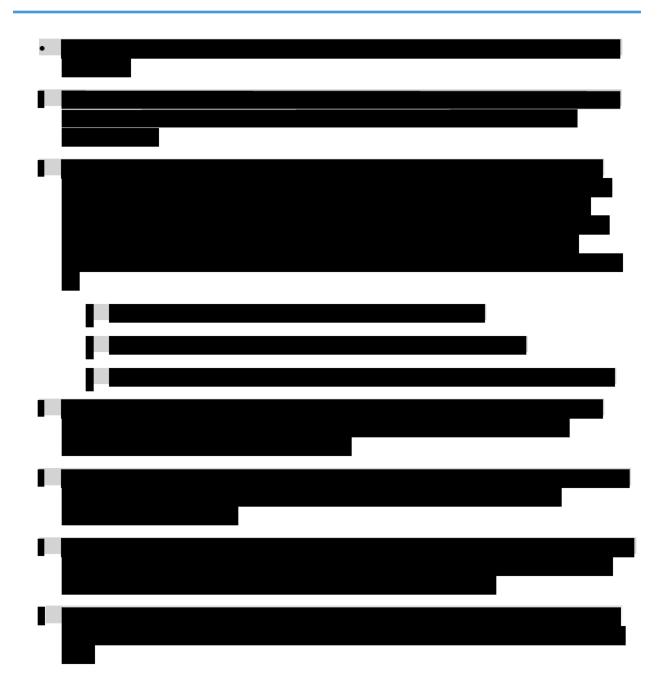
This section should describe how requests for coordination with third-party supported scientists will be processed - including providing reasonably-requested Project data and access to the Project area for independent scientists examining environmental sensitivities and/or the impacts of offshore wind energy development on the environment for the purpose of publication in peer-reviewed journals or other scientifically rigorous products.





3.3 DATA AVAILABILITY

This section should describe how data will be made available in accordance with Section 2.2.8 of the RFP.



3.4 PROPOSED RESTRICTIONS

This section should describe any restrictions on data provision or access that may be required to protect trade secrets or maintain site security.

 Sunrise Wind 2 shall seek to explain why identified data types are considered commercially sensitive.



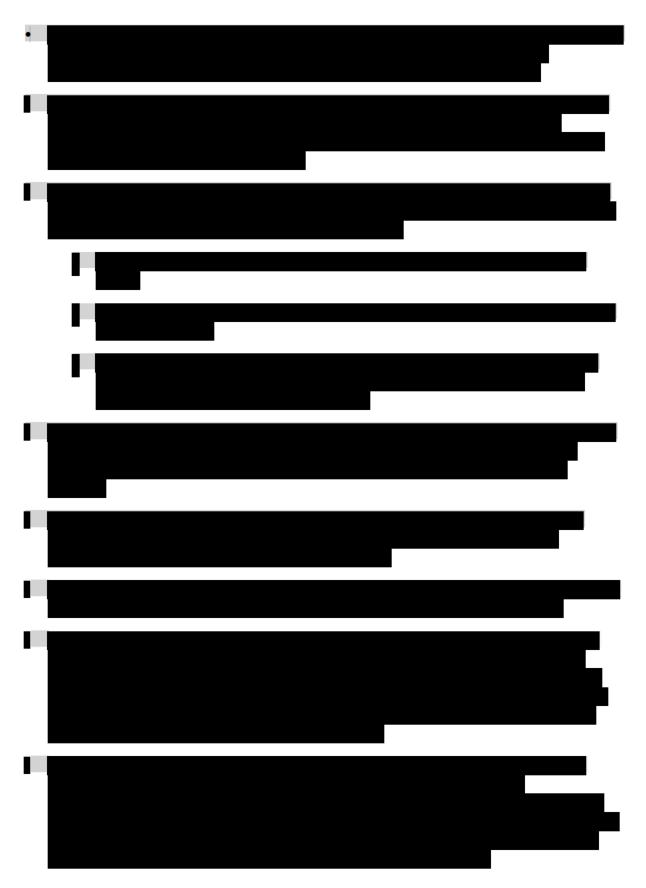
3.5 FINANCIAL COMMITMENT FOR THIRD-PARTY RESEARCH

This section should provide a level of financial commitment, if elected, that will be appropriated to leverage third-party environmental research funding, including federal or State-supported research. Or, if elected, provide the level of commitment to a general fund for supporting third-party research into potential environmental effects of offshore wind energy development.



3.6 PROPOSED OR EXISTING COMMITMENTS/COLLABORATIONS

This section should describe proposed or existing commitments and collaborations with third-party researchers in support of monitoring activities and assessing impacts.





4.0 PROPOSED MITIGATION OF IMPACTS TO MARINE MAMMALS AND SEA TURTLES

4.1 BASELINE CHARACTERIZATION

4.1.1 Available Information

Describe existing key literature and datasets that are available for baseline characterization.

- Studies will be available to assess the baseline characteristics for marine mammals and sea turtles potentially occurring within the Project Area. Such studies include, but are not limited to, the following documents. The full list of data sources used for baseline characterization will be located in the Sunrise Wind 2 COP.
- NYSERDA and/or NYSDEC studies on marine wildlife and whales:
 - NYSDEC. 2015. List of Endangered, Threatened and Special Concern Fish & Wildlife Species of New York State.
 - https://www.dec.ny.gov/animals/7494.html
 - NYSDEC 2019 Current and Proposed Status of All Species on Proposed List
 - https://www.dec.ny.gov/docs/wildlife_pdf/masterlistpropreg.pdf
 - o NYSDEC 2017 New York Ocean Action Plan (OAP) 2017-2027
 - https://www.dec.ny.gov/docs/fish_marine_pdf/nyoceanactionplan.pdf
 - NYSDEC 2018 Summary Report of the New York Bight Sea Turtle Workshop
 - https://www.dec.ny.gov/docs/fish_marine_pdf/dmrturtlereport.pdf
 - NYSDEC 2020 Seagrass Management.
 - https://www.dec.ny.gov/lands/110813.html
 - NYSDEC Whale Monitoring Program Final Comprehensive Report for Aerial Surveys
 Conducted 2017-2020 (Tetra Tech and LGL 2020)
 - https://www.dec.ny.gov/docs/fish_marine_pdf/mmaeran3.pdf
 - NYSERDA, 2017, Offshore Wind Master Plan.
 - https://www.nyserda.ny.gov/All%20Programs/Programs/Offshore%20Wind/About %20Offshore%2 0Wind/Master%20Plan

- New York Bight Whale Monitoring Program Aerial Survey (NYSDEC 2020)
 - https://www.dec.ny.gov/lands/113818.html#Methods
- Normandeau and APEM. 2019a. Digital Aerial Baseline Survey of Marine Wildlife in Support of Offshore Wind Energy. Second Annual Report Summer 2016 – Spring 2018 Fourth Interim Report.
 - https://remote.normandeau.com/docs/NYSERDA_2016-2018_4th_Semi-Annual report.pdf
- Normandeau and APEM. 2019b. Digital Aerial Baseline Survey of Marine Wildlife in Support of Offshore Wind Energy, Summer 2018 Taxonomic Analysis Summary Report.
 - https://remote.normandeau.com/docs/NYSERDA_Summer_2018_Taxonomic_A nalysis Summary Report.pdf
- Normandeau and APEM. 2019c. Digital Aerial Baseline Survey of Marine Wildlife in Support of Offshore Wind Energy, Fall 2018 Taxonomic Analysis Summary Report.
 - https://remote.normandeau.com/docs/NYSERDA_Fall_2018_Taxonomic_Analysis_Summary_Report.pdf
- Normandeau and APEM. 2019d. Digital Aerial Baseline Survey of Marine Wildlife in Support of Offshore Wind Energy.
 - https://remote.normandeau.com/docs/NYSERDA_Spring_2019_Taxonomic_Analysis_Summary_Report.pdf.
- Normandeau and APEM. 2020. Digital Aerial Baseline Survey of Marine Wildlife in Support of Offshore Wind Energy Winter 2018-2019 Taxonomic Analysis Summary Report.
 - https://remote.normandeau.com/docs/NYSERDA_Winter_2018_19_Taxonomic_ Analysis_Summary_Report.pdf
- BOEM studies on whales, sea turtles, and marine species:
 - BOEM. 2013. Commercial Wind Lease Issuance and Site Assessment Activities on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf Offshore Rhode Island and Massachusetts, Revised Environmental Assessment. Office of Renewable Energy Programs. OCSEIS/EA. BOEM 2013-1131.
 - BOEM. 2014. Commercial Wind Lease Issuance and Site Assessment Activities on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf Offshore Massachusetts, Revised Environmental Assessment. OCS EIS/EA, BOEM 2014-603.
 - BOEM. 2018. Summary Report: Best Management Practices Workshop for Atlantic
 Offshore Wind Facilities and Marine Protected Species (2017). Sterling (VA): US

Department of the Interior, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Atlantic OCS Region, Washington, D.C. OCS Study BOEM 2018-015.

- https://www.boem.gov/sites/default/files/renewable-energy-program/Final-Summary-Report-for-BMP-Workshop-BOEM-2018-015-%281%29.pdf
- BOEM. 2019. Guidelines for Providing Information on Marine Mammals and Sea Turtles for Renewable Energy Development on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf Pursuant to 30 CFR Part 585.
 - https://www.boem.gov/sites/default/files/renewable-energy-program/Regulatory-Information/BOEM-Marine-Mammals-and-Sea-Turtles-Guidelines.pdf.
- BOEM. 2019. Vineyard Wind Offshore Wind Energy Project Biological Assessment.
 December 2018 (Revised March 2019) For the National Marine Fisheries Service.
 - https://www.boem.gov/sites/default/files/documents//Revised%20Biological%20A ssessment%20Submitted%20to%20the%20U.S.%20Fish%20and%20Wildlife%2 0Service.pdf
- BOEM. 2020. National Marine Fisheries Service Endangered Species Act Section 7 Consultation Biological Opinion. Construction, Operation, Maintenance and Decommissioning of the Vineyard Wind Offshore Energy Project (Lease OCS-A 0501) GARFO-2019-00343.
 - https://www.boem.gov/sites/default/files/documents/renewableenergy/Final%20Biological%20Opinion%20from%20NOAA%20Fisheries.pdf
- BOEM. 2020. Vineyard Wind 1 Offshore Wind Energy Project Final Environmental Impact Statement.
 - Vineyard Wind 1 Offshore Wind Energy Project Final EIS (boem.gov)
- BOEM. 2022. South Fork Wind Farm and South Fork Export Cable Project Final Environmental Impact Statement.
 - South Fork Wind Farm and South Fork Export Cable Project Final Environmental Impact Statement (boem.gov)
- BOEM. 2022. Revolution Wind Farm and Revolution Wind Export Cable Project Draft
 Environmental Impact Statement
 - https://www.boem.gov/sites/default/files/documents/renewable-energy/state-activities/Revolution_Wind_DEIS__Vol1and2_508_compressed.pdf
- BOEM. 2022. Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Sunrise Wind Project.
 - Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Sunrise Wind Project; Volume 1 (boem.gov)

- BOEM. 2022. Empire Offshore Wind, Empire Wind Projects (EW 1 and EW 2) Draft Environmental Impact Statement
 - https://www.boem.gov/sites/default/files/documents/renewable-energy/stateactivities/Empire_Wind_DEIS_Vol2.pdf
- BOEM. 2021. Megafauna Aerial Surveys in the Wind Energy Areas of Massachusetts and Rhode Island with Emphasis on Large Whales: Interim Report Campaign 6A, 2020.
 - https://espis.boem.gov/Final%20reports/BOEM 2021-054.pdf
- BOEM. 2020. Megafauna Aerial Surveys in the Wind Energy Areas of Massachusetts and Rhode Island with Emphasis on Large Whales: Interim Report Campaign 5, 2018-2019.
 - https://espis.boem.gov/final%20reports/BOEM_2021-033.pdf
- NOAA studies on marine mammals and marine turtles:
 - NOAA Fisheries 2017. 2017 Annual Report of a Comprehensive Assessment of Marine Mammal, Marine Turtle, and Seabird Abundance and Spatial Distribution in US waters of the Western North Atlantic Ocean – AMAPPS II.
 - https://www.nefsc.noaa.gov/psb/AMAPPS/docs/AMAPPS%202017%20annual% 20report_final.pdf
 - NOAA Fisheries. 2020. Office of Protected Resources, Marine Mammal Stock Assessment Reports. (SARs) by Species/Stock
 - https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/national/marine-mammal-protection/marine-mammal-stock-assessment-reports-species-stock
 - o NOAA Fisheries. 2020. The Greater Atlantic Region ESA Section 7 Mapper.
 - https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/resource/map/greater-atlantic-region-esa-section-7-mapper
 - NOAA Fisheries Marine Mammal Unusual Mortality Events
 - https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/national/marine-life-distress/active-and-closedunusual-mortality-events
 - NOAA Fisheries. n.d.[a]. ESA Threatened and Endangered Species Directory.
 - https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/speciesdirectory/threatenedendangered?title=&species_category=1000000031&species_status=any®ions=1000001111&items_per_page=25&sort=
 - Atlantic Marine Conservation Society. 2020. AMSEAS Responds to Three Whales in Two Days.

 https://www.amseas.org/source-blog-2/2020/7/20/amseas-responds-tothreewhales-in-two-days

• Published Literature

- Baumgartner, M. F., Bonnell, J., Van Parijs, S. M., Corkeron, P.J., Hotchkin, C., Ball, K., Pelletier, L-P., Partan, J., Peters, D., Kemp, J., Pietro, J., Newhall, K., Stokes, A., Cole, T. V. N., Quintana, E., and Kraus, S. D. 2019. Persistent near real-time passive acoustic monitoring for baleen whales from a moored buoy: system description and evaluation. Methods in Ecology and Evolution.
 - https://besjournals.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/2041-210X.13244
- Baumgartner, M. F., Bonnell, J., Corkeron, P. J., Van Parijs, S. M., Hotchkin, C, Hodges, B. A., Bort Thornton, J., Mensi, B. L., and Bruner, S. M. 2020. Slocum gliders provide accurate near real-time estimates of baleen whale presence from human-reviewed passive acoustic detection information. Frontiers in Marine Science 7:100.
 - https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fmars.2020.00100/full
- Bellmann, M. A., Brinkmann J., May A., Wendt T., Gerlach S. and Remmers, P. 2020. Underwater noise during the impulse pile-driving procedure: Influencing factors on pile-driving noise and technical possibilities to comply with noise mitigation values. Supported by the Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety (Bundesministerium für Umwelt, Naturschutz und nukleare Sicherheit (BMU)), FKZ UM16 881500. Commissioned and managed by the Federal Maritime and Hydrographic Agency (Bundesamt für Seeschifffahrt und Hydrographie (BSH)), Order No. 10036866. Edited by the itap GmbH.
- Cetacean and Turtle Assessment Program (CETAP). 1982. A characterization of marine mammals and turtles in the mid- and north Atlantic areas of the U.S. outer continental shelf. Cetacean and Turtle Assessment Program, University of Rhode Island. Final Report #AA551-CT8-48 to the Bureau of Land Management, Washington, DC, 538 pp.
- Curtice C., Cleary J., Shumchenia E., and Halpin, P.N. 2019. Marine-life Data and Analysis Team (MDAT) technical report on the methods and development of marine-life data to support regional ocean planning and management. Prepared on behalf of the Marine-life Data and Analysis Team (MDAT).
 - http://seamap.env.duke.edu/models/mdat/MDAT-Technical-Report.pdf
- Kraus, S.D., S. Leiter, K. Stone, B. Wikgren, C. Mayo, P. Hughes, R.D. Kenney, C.W. Clark, A. N. Rice, B. Estabrook, and J. Tielens. 2016. Northeast Large Pelagic Survey Collaborative Aerial and Acoustic Surveys for Large Whales and Sea Turtles. U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Sterling, Virginia. OCS Study BOEM 2016-054. 117 pp. + appendices.
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 - https://www.boem.gov/sites/default/files/environmentalstewardship/Environmental-Studies/Renewable-Energy/A-Framework-for-Studying-the-Effects.pdf
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 - http://www.tos.org/oceanography/assets/docs/22-2_halpin.pdf
- Roberts, J. J., Best, B. D., Mannocci, L., Fujioka, E., Halpin, P. N., Palka, D. L., Garrison, L.P., Mullin, K. D., Cole, T. V. N., Khan, C. B., McLellan, W. A., Pabst, A., and Lockhart, G.G. 2016a. Habitat-based cetacean density models for the U.S. Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico. Scientific Reports 6, 22615 (2016).
 - https://www.nature.com/articles/srep22615
- Roberts J.J., L. Mannocci, and P.N. Halpin. 2016b. Final Project Report: Marine Species Density Data Gap Assessments and Update for the AFTT Study Area, 2015-2016 (Base Year). Document version 1.0. Report prepared for Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Atlantic by the Duke University Marine Geospatial Ecology Lab, Durham, NC.
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- Other state and regional studies on marine mammals and sea turtles:
 - Coastal Research and Education Society of Long Island, Inc. (CRESLI). 2020. CRESLI Seal Research.
 - https://www.cresli.org/common/news/articles/article_detail.cfm?QID=10936&clien tID=12000&topicID=0&subsection=sidebar%20/.
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 - Sighting, stranding, and entanglement information from the Atlantic Marine Conservation Society, Center for Coastal Studies (CFCS), and CRESLI
 - Online data portals and mapping databases such as the Northeast Ocean Portal, Marine Cadastre, the Northeast Regional Habitat Assessment Data Explorer, the Ocean Biodiversity Information System Spatial Ecological Analysis of Megavertebrate Populations (OBIS-SEAMAP), and the Mid-Atlantic Ocean Data Portal.
 - https://www.northeastoceandata.org/
 - https://marinecadastre.gov/
 - https://nrha.shinyapps.io/dataexplorer/_w_84eaba0c/#!/
 - https://seamap.env.duke.edu/
 - https://portal.midatlanticocean.org/
- North Atlantic Right Whale resource including Seasonal Management Areas, Right Whale Slow Zones, Dynamic Management Areas, and the Whale Alert application
 - https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/national/endangered-species-conservation/reducing-vessel-strikes-north-atlantic-right-whales
- Special Area Management Plan Technical Report #10. pp 337. Sunrise Wind 2 will comply with BOEM's site characterization requirements in 30 CFR § 585.626(3).

4.1.2 Data Being Collected

Describe data collected, or will be collected, to support baseline characterization.

 Observations of all right whales and dead, entangled, or distressed marine mammals shall be communicated to federal authorities as soon as is practicable, and no later than 24 hours after occurrence



Describe which species the Developer believes to be of greatest concern and why.

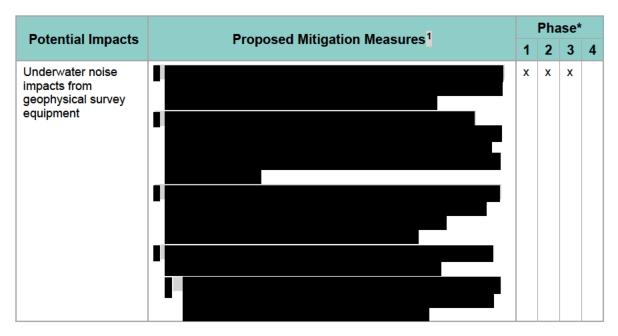


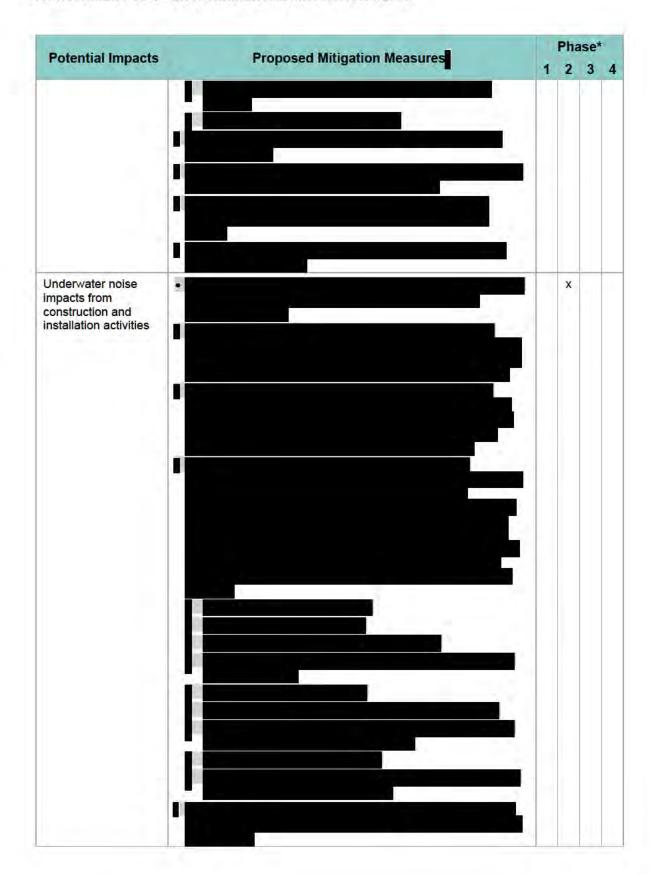


4.3 POTENTIAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES BY PHASE

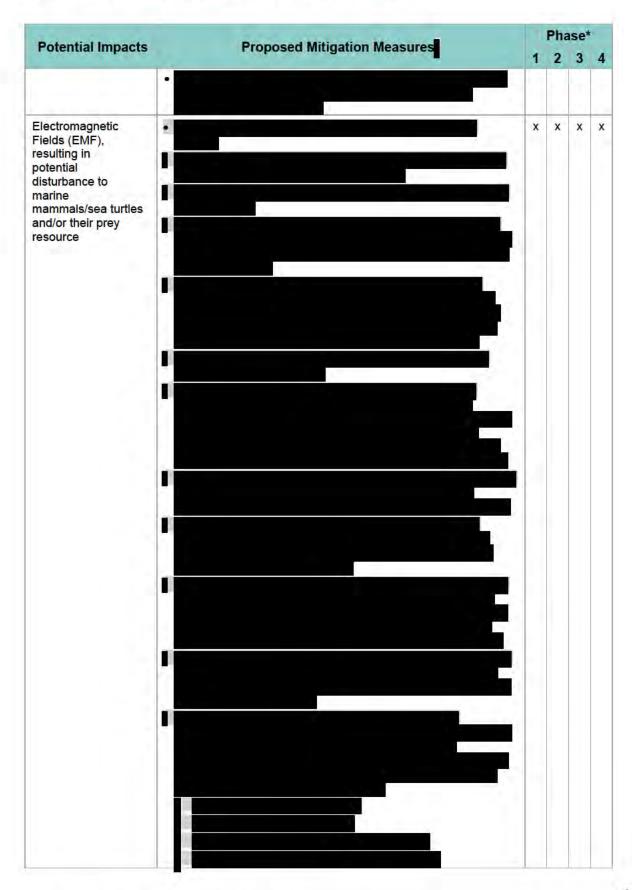
The table below should list the potential impacts to marine mammals and sea turtles and proposed mitigation measures. To this end, a description of proposed measures to minimize the impacts of sound on marine mammals and sea turtles during all phases to Project development should be included. In addition, provide a description of the anticipated pre- and post-construction survey techniques to establish an ecological baseline and changes to that baseline within the Project site; the minimum size of exclusion zone intended to be monitored during geophysical surveys and construction; planned approaches to understanding marine mammal and sea turtle presence and absence within development site exclusion zone during site assessment and construction (e.g., a combination of visual monitoring by protected species observers and passive acoustic monitoring, the use of night vision and infra-red cameras during nighttime activities, etc.); proposed temporal constraints on construction activities and geophysical surveys with noise levels that could cause injury to harassment in marine mammals (e.g., seasonal restrictions during periods of heightened vulnerability for priority species; commencing activities during daylight hours and good visibility conditions, dynamic adjustments following the detection of a marine mammal); and proposed equipment and technologies the Developer would use to reduce the amount of sound at the source, if any.

Table 4.1 Potential Impacts to Marine Mammals and Sea Turtles and Proposed Mitigation Measures









Potential Impacts	Proposed Mitigation Measures	Phase*			
		1	2	3	4
*Phase: 1: Survey/Design	gn; 2: Construction; 3: Operation; 4: Decommission				

4.4 MONITOR FOR POTENTIAL IMPACTS DURING EACH PHASE

Describe how potential impacts will be monitored on marine mammals and sea turtles during each phase of physical work for the Project (site assessment, construction, operation, and decommissioning) to inform mitigation planning for later phases of the Project as well as for future Projects.

 Sunrise Wind 2 shall seek to collaborate with other regulatory agencies and stakeholder groups to identify research needs and opportunities.

4.4.1 Assess and Quantify Changes

Describe how changes to environmental resources will be quantified using statistically sound methods.

- Ideally, specific questions and focal taxa shall be chosen for the Project either based on sitespecific fisheries risk assessment, or in relation to broader regional efforts to assess variation between sites and understand cumulative impacts for sensitive species.
- Monitoring will, to the extent practicable, use appropriate study designs and methodologies to
 effectively analyze risk prior to construction and evaluate impacts during construction and
 operation by testing hypotheses and helping to assure statistical power for meaningful data
 analysis.
- Outside expertise from RWSC and other specialist committees and regulatory agencies will be consulted during study design and data analysis processes.





Describe how data gaps will be addressed.

Sunrise Wind 2 will work with stakeholders, including regulatory agencies and local groups, in the
design phase of the Project to identify data gaps to be addressed through surveys or permitting
applications.



4.5 STRATEGIES FOR DEVELOPING ALTERNATE PROTOCOLS

Describe the process for determining when mitigation strategies are insufficient and under what conditions they might elect to rehabilitate or restore impacted marine mammals and sea turtles in an alternative location.

 As necessary, Sunrise Wind 2 shall explore this further in consultation with the E-TWG, RWSC, regulatory agencies and relevant stakeholders.



5.0 PROPOSED MITIGATION OF IMPACTS TO BIRDS AND BATS

5.1 BASELINE CHARACTERIZATION

Describe how baseline data will be established on the presence of bird and bat assemblages, temporal and spatial use of the site by key species within the area of the proposed Project.

Available Information

Describe key existing literature and datasets that are available for baseline characterization.

- Studies are available to assess the baseline characteristics for birds and bats potentially
 occurring within the Project Area. Such studies include, but are not limited to, the following
 documents. The full list of data sources used for baseline characterization is located in the
 Sunrise Wind COP
- NYSERDA and/or NYSDEC studies on marine wildlife and birds and bats:



- NYSERDA. 2017. New York State Offshore Wind Master Plan: Birds and Bats Study.
 NYSERDA Report 17-25q.
 - https://www.nyserda.ny.gov/All-Programs/Programs/Offshore-Wind/About-Offshore-Wind/Master-Plan
- NYSERDA. 2017. New York State Offshore Wind Master Plan: Cable Landfall Permitting Study. NYSERDA Report 17-25q.
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- Normandeau and APEM. 2019. Remote Marine and Onshore Technology Digital Aerial Baseline Survey of Marine Wildlife in Support of Offshore Wind Energy. Prepared for New York State Energy Research and Development Authority.
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- BOEM and USFWS studies on marine species, seabirds, and bats:
 - Dowling, Z., P.R. Sievert, E. Baldwin, L. Johnson, S. von Oettingen, and J. Reichard.
 2017. Flight Activity and Offshore Movements of Nano-Tagged Bats on Martha's
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 - Loring, P.H., J.D. McLaren, P.A. Smith, L.J. Niles, S.L. Koch, H.F. Goyert, H. Bai. 2018. Tracking movements of threatened migratory rufa Red Knots in U.S. Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf Waters. Sterling (VA): US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management. OCS Study BOEM 2018-046. 145 p.
 - Loring, P., P.W.C. Paton, J.D. McLaren, H. Bai, R. Janaswamy, H.F. Goyert, C.R. Griffin, P.R. Sievert. 2019. Tracking Offshore Occurrence of Common Terns, Endangered Roseate Terns, and Threatened Piping Plovers with VHF Arrays. Sterling (VA): US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management. OCS Study BOEM 2019-017. 140 p.
 - Pelletier, S.K., K. Omland, K.S. Watrous, and T.S. Peterson. 2013. Information Synthesis on the Potential for Bat Interactions with Offshore Wind Facilities Final Report. U.S. Dept of the Interior, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Headquarters, Herndon, VA. OCS Study BOEM 2013-01163. 119 pp.
 - Spiegel, C.S., A.M. Berlin, A.T. Gilbert, C.O. Gray, W.A. Montevecchi, I.J. Stenhouse, S.L. Ford, G.H. Olsen, J.L. Fiely, L. Savoy, M.W. Goodale, and C.M. Burke. 2017.
 Determining Fine-scale Use and Movement Patterns of Diving Bird Species in Federal Waters of the Mid-Atlantic United States Using Satellite Telemetry. OCS Study BOEM 2017-069. US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Sterling, VA.
 - Veit, R.R., T.P. White, S.A. Perkins, S. Curley. 2016. Abundance and Distribution of Seabirds off Southeastern Massachusetts, 2011-2015. U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Sterling, Virginia. OCS Study BOEM 2016-067. 82 pp.

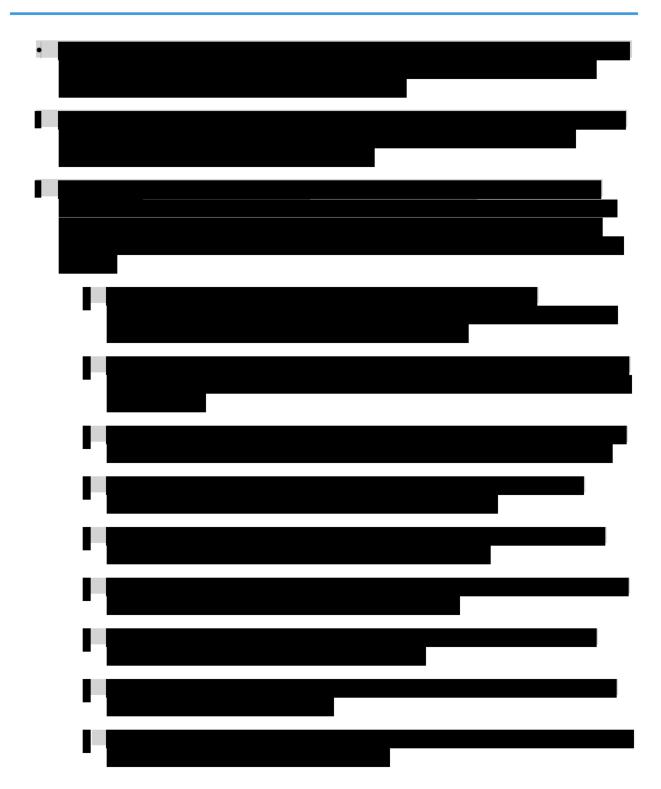
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- Published data of bats in offshore and nearshore environments:
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- USGS NABat Monitoring Program. https://sciencebase.usgs.gov/nabat/#/results
- Agency coordination and communication

5.1.2 Data Collected

Describe data collected, or will be collected, to support baseline characterization.





5.2 SPECIES AT RISK

Describe which species the Developer believes to be of greatest concern and why.





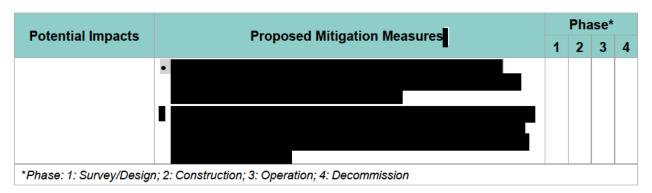
5.3 POTENTIAL IMPACTS/RISKS AND MITIGATION MEASURES BY PROJECT STAGE

The table below should list the potential impacts and mitigation measures to understand and minimize the Project's risk to birds and bats. At a minimum this should include the steps the Developer will pursue to minimize risk to birds and bats (e.g., lighting), and identification of technological approaches to assess impacts or any Proposals for other research or mitigations relating to birds or bats planned or under consideration at this time.

Phase* **Proposed Mitigation Measures Potential Impacts** 1 2 3 4 Collision risk to marine X X birds and bats Habitat impacts X X including breeding and nesting areas

Table 5.1 Potential Impacts and Risk to Birds and Bats and Proposed Mitigation Measures





5.4 MONITOR FOR IMPACTS DURING EACH PHASE

Describe how potential impacts will be monitored on birds and bats during each phase of physical work for the Project (site assessment, construction, operation, and decommissioning) to inform mitigation planning for later phases of the Project as well as for future Projects.

5.4.1 Pre/Post Monitoring to Assess and Quantify Changes

Describe how changes to environmental resources will be quantified using statistically sound methods.

- Pre- and post-construction monitoring shall be designed in such a way that it improves
 understanding of the impacts of offshore wind energy development on birds and bats, including
 identifying specific questions and taxa on which to focus monitoring efforts for the Project, or in
 relation to broader regional efforts to assess variation between sites and understand cumulative
 impacts for sensitive species.
- Monitoring will, to the extent practicable, use appropriate study designs and methodologies to
 effectively analyze risk prior to construction and evaluate impacts during construction and
 operation by testing hypotheses and helping to assure statistical power for meaningful data
 analysis.
- Outside expertise from RWSC and other specialist committees and regulatory agencies will be consulted during study design and data analysis processes.





5.4.2 Address Data Gaps

Describe how data gaps will be addressed.

 Sunrise Wind 2 shall work with stakeholders, including regulatory agencies, the E-TWG, RWSC, and local groups, in the design phase of the Project to identify data gaps to be addressed through surveys or permitting applications.



5.5 STRATEGIES FOR DEVELOPING ALTERNATE PROTOCOLS

Describe the process for determining when mitigation strategies are insufficient and under what conditions they might elect to rehabilitate or restore impacted birds and bats in an alternative location.

 As necessary, Sunrise Wind 2 will explore this further in consultation with the E-TWG, RWSC, regulatory agencies and relevant stakeholders.



6.0 PROPOSED MITIGATION OF IMPACTS TO FISH, INVERTEBRATES, AND THEIR HABITATS

6.1 BASELINE CHARACTERIZATION

Describe what is known about the proposed site in terms fish and invertebrate assemblage, and temporal and spatial variations in fish, invertebrates, and their habitats at the proposed site. The use of collaborative monitoring models with the fishing community is encouraged to develop trusted baseline data.

6.1.1 Available Information

Describe key existing literature and datasets that are available for baseline characterization.

- Studies are available to assess the baseline characteristics for fish, invertebrates and their
 habitats occurring within the Project Area. Such studies include, but are not limited to, the
 following documents. The full list of data sources used for baseline characterization is located
 in the Sunrise Wind COP.
- NYSERDA and/or NYSDEC studies on marine wildlife:
 - NYSERDA. 2017a. New York State Offshore Wind Master Plan: Fish and Fisheries Study. NYSERDA Report 17-25q.
 - https://www.nyserda.ny.gov/All-Programs/Programs/Offshore-Wind/About-Offshore-Wind/Master-Plan
- BOEM studies on marine habitats and lobsters and crabs:
 - Collie, J.S. and J.W. King. 2016. Spatial and Temporal Distributions of Lobsters and Crabs in the Rhode Island Massachusetts Wind Energy Area. U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Atlantic OCS Region, Sterling, Virginia. OCS Study BOEM 2016-073.
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- BOEM Office of Renewable Energy Programs. 2019. Guidelines for Providing Benthic Habitat Survey Information for Renewable Energy Development on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf Pursuant to 30 CFR Part 585. June 2019.
- Online data portals and mapping databases such as the Northeast Ocean Portal, Marine Cadastre, the Northeast Regional Habitat Assessment Data Explorer, and the Mid-Atlantic Ocean Data Portal:
 - https://www.northeastoceandata.org/
 - https://marinecadastre.gov/
 - o https://nrha.shinyapps.io/dataexplorer/ w 84eaba0c/#!
 - https://portal.midatlanticocean.org/
- NOAA and Northeast Fisheries Science Center studies and stock assessment reports:
 - Cargnelli, L.M., S.J. Griesbach, P.L. Berrien, W.W. Morse, and D.L. Johnson. 1999a.
 Essential fish habitat source document: Haddock, Melanogrammus aeglefinus, life history and habitat characteristics. NOAA Tech Memo NMFS-NE-128. 31 p.
 - Cargnelli, L.M., S.J. Griesbach, D.B. Packer, P.L. Berrien, D.L. Johnson, and W.W. Morse. 1999b. Essential Fish Habitat Source Document: Pollock, Pollachius virens, Life History and Habitat Characteristics. NOAA Tech Memo NMFS-NE-131. 38 p.
 - Cargnelli, L.M., S.J. Griesbach, D.B. Packer, P.L. Berrien, W.W. Morse, and D.L. Johnson. 1999c. Essential Fish Habitat Source Document: Witch Flounder, Glyptocephalus cynoglossus, Life History and Habitat Characteristics. NOAA Tech Memo NMFS-NE-139. 38 p.
 - Cargnelli, L.M., S.J. Griesbach, D.B. Packer, and E. Weissberger. 1999d. NOAA
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- o NOAA Fisheries. 2020a. Essential Fish (EFH) Habitat Mapper.
 - https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/resource/map/essential-fish-habitat-mapper.
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 Assessment Summary Report. Northeast Fisheries Science Center Reference
 Document 16-13. 26 p.
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- NEFSC. 2017a. Operational Assessment of 19 Northeast Groundfish Stocks,
 Updated Through 2016. Northeast Fisheries Science Center Reference Document 17-17. 259 p.
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- NEFSC. 2017b. 62nd Northeast Regional Stock Assessment Workshop (62nd SAW)
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- NEFSC. 2017c. Scup Stock Assessment Update for 2017.
 - https://static1.squarespace.com/static/511cdc7fe4b00307a2628ac6/t/596fb2 6bc534a5fa937b2c07/1500492396171/5Scup_2017_Assesssment_Update.p df.
- NEFSC. 2017d. 63rd Northeast Regional Stock Assessment Workshop (63rd SAW)
 Assessment Report. Northeast Fisheries Science Center Reference Document 17-10. 409 p.
 - https://www.nefsc.noaa.gov/publications/crd/crd1710/.
- NEFSC. 2018a. 65th Northeast Regional Stock Assessment Workshop (65th SAW)
 Assessment Summary Report. Northeast Fisheries Science Center Reference
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 Document 18-03. 27 p.
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 - http://www.nefsc.noaa.gov/publications/
- NEFSC. 2021. Ecology of the Northeast US Continental Shelf: Zooplankton. https://appsnefsc.fisheries.noaa.gov/nefsc/ecosystem-ecology/zooplankton.html. Accessed: Accessed January 10, 2023.
- Additional state and regional studies and other published data for the waters of the northeast Atlantic related to offshore wind development:
 - ASMFC. 2012. Habitat Addendum IV to Amendment 1 to the Interstate Fishery Management Plan for Atlantic Sturgeon.
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- o ICCAT. 2016b. Report of the 2016 ICCAT Yellowfin Tuna Stock Assessment Meeting. Accessed July 2019.
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- MAFMC. 1998b. Amendment 1 to the Bluefish Fishery Management Plan, Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission, in cooperation with the National Marine Fisheries Service, the New England Fishery Management Council, and the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council, October 1998.
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6.1.2 Data Being Collected

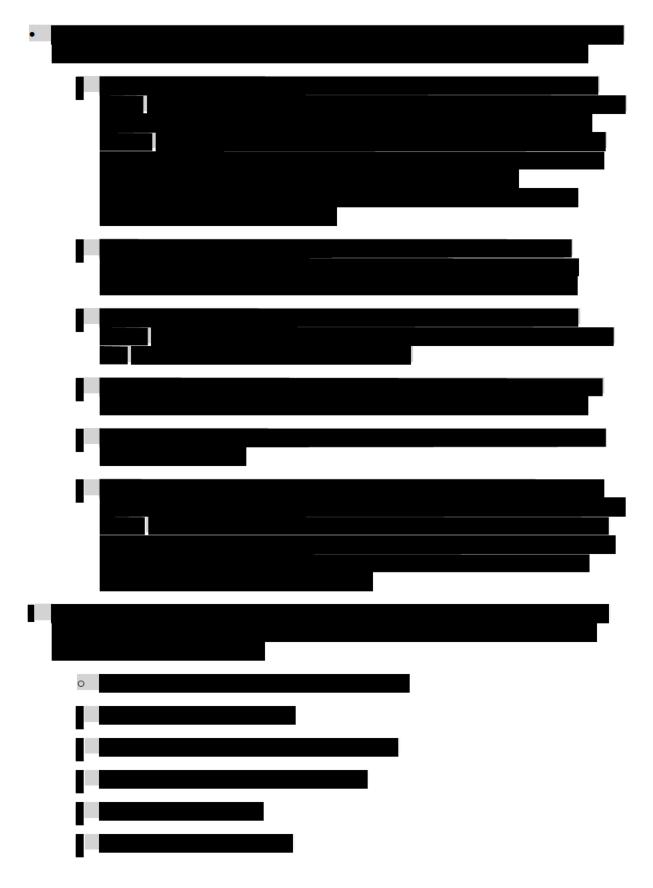
Describe data collected, or will be collected, to support baseline characterization.





6.2

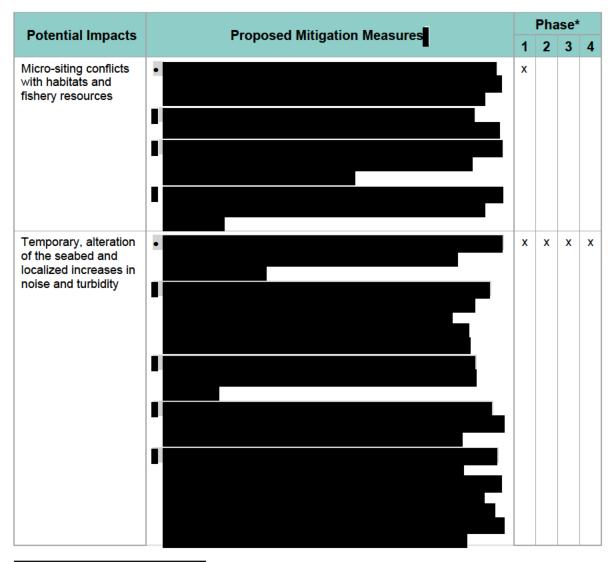
Describe which species the Developer believes to be of greatest concern and why.



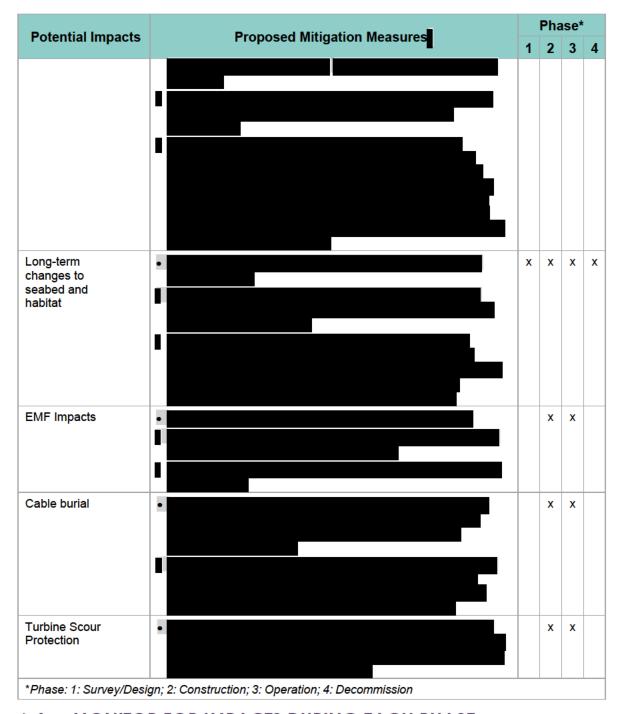
6.3 POTENTIAL IMPACTS/RISKS AND MITIGATION MEASURES BY PROJECT STAGE

The table below should list the potential impacts to fish, invertebrates, and their habitats and proposed mitigation measures. To this end, this section should describe how the Developers will minimize risk to fish, invertebrates, and their habitats (e. g., foundation type, scour protection, cable shielding for electromagnetic fields, construction windows, siltation/turbidity controls, use of dynamic-positioning vessels and jet plow embedment).

Table 6.1 Potential Impacts to Fish, Invertebrates, and Their Habitats and Proposed Mitigation Measures







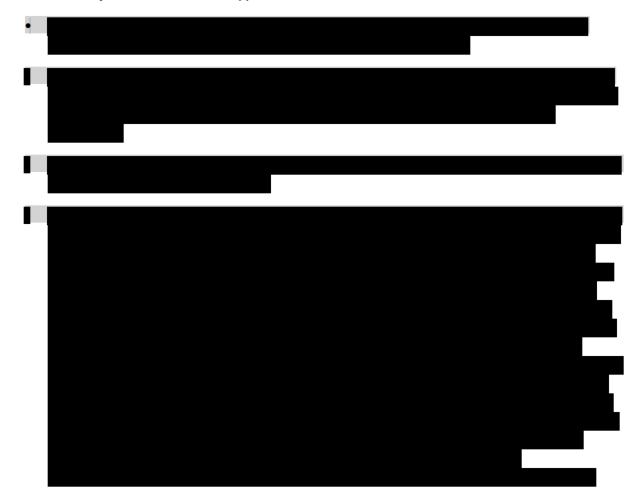
6.4 MONITOR FOR IMPACTS DURING EACH PHASE

Describe how potential impacts will be monitored on these types of fish and invertebrates during each phase of physical work for the Project (site assessment, construction, operation, and decommissioning) to inform mitigation planning for later phases of the Project as well as for future Projects.

6.4.1 Pre/Post Monitoring to Assess and Quantify Changes

Describe how changes to environmental resources will be quantified using statistically sound methods.

- Ideally, specific questions and focal taxa shall be chosen for the Project either based on sitespecific fisheries risk assessment, or in relation to broader regional efforts to assess variation between sites and understand cumulative impacts for sensitive species.
- Monitoring will, to the extent practicable, use appropriate study designs and methodologies to
 effectively analyze risk prior to construction and evaluate impacts during construction and
 operation by testing hypotheses and helping to assure statistical power for meaningful data
 analysis.
- Outside expertise from ROSA and other specialist committees and regulatory agencies will be consulted during study design and data analysis processes.
- Sunrise Wind 2 shall seek to collaborate with other regulatory agencies and stakeholder groups to identify research needs and opportunities.





6.4.2 Addressing Data Gaps

Describe how data gaps will be addressed.

 Sunrise Wind 2 shall seek to work with stakeholders, including regulatory agencies, to identify data gaps to be addressed through surveys or permitting applications.



6.5 STRATEGIES FOR DEVELOPING ALTERNATE PROPOSALS

Describe the process for determining when mitigation strategies are insufficient and under what conditions they might elect to rehabilitate or restore impacted fisheries in an alternative location or when the provision of compensation of some form may be appropriate.

 As necessary, Sunrise Wind 2 shall explore this further in consultation with the E-TWG, regulatory agencies and relevant stakeholders.



7.0 CONSIDERATIONS FOR SUBSEA AND OVERLAND CABLES

7.1 MITIGATION STRATEGIES FOR SUBSEA AND OVERLAND CABLES

This section should describe any additional environmental mitigation strategies for proposed subsea and overland cable routes that support the offshore wind project.



8.0 ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

The Proposer must outline any additional mitigation strategies not otherwise described herein that would improve the Plan and reduce impacts on the environment.

8.1 ADDITIONAL MITIGATION STRATEGIES AND EMP REFINEMENT

This section should describe any additional mitigation strategies not otherwise described herein that would improve the Plan and reduce impacts on wildlife. In addition, describe how the EMP will be updated and refined based on additional information and stakeholder feedback.

 Sunrise Wind 2 will support collaborative research on potential mitigation strategies and best management practices with other developers, agencies, and stakeholders.



8.2 PROCESS FOR UPDATING THE EMP

This section should describe how feedback from environmental stakeholders, E-TWG, and other agencies and working groups will be incorporated and updated in the EMP.

- Sunrise Wind 2 will continuously evaluate and evolve this EMP so that all the components of the EMP are complete and sufficient.
- Sunrise Wind 2 expects that additional guidance and information will become available throughout the planning and regulatory process and as such will continue to consider its relevance to the EMP at the appropriate intervals.
- Updates to the EMP are intended to reflect the results of iterative exchanges with members of the E-TWG, F-TWG and relevant stakeholders.
- Sunrise Wind 2 shall update the EMP in a timely manner that reflects changes made based on key regulatory Project deliverable dates.



9.0 PROJECT DECOMMISSIONING

The Proposer must describe how it will develop a decommissioning plan, including coordination with environmental stakeholders, and any elements of its contemplated decommissioning plan that can be identified at this stage. Proposals demonstrating thoughtful consideration of the full life cycle of offshore wind energy projects will be considered favorably.

9.1 POTENTIAL IMPACTS ON MARINE WILDLIFE, BIRDS, BATS, AND FISHERIES

This section should describe potential impacts to marine mammals, sea turtles, birds, bats, and fisheries and habitats from decommissioning the project, based on available information and relevant experience (if any).

- Sunrise Wind 2's waste handling processes during decommissioning shall focus on re-use or recycling, with disposal as the last option.
- Sunrise Wind 2 shall collaborate with regulatory authorities and key environmental stakeholder groups better understand the effects and potential impacts associated with decommissioning.
- In March 2017, Ørsted became the first developer to decommission an offshore wind project, the Vindeby Offshore Wind Farm near Lolland, Denmark (Vindeby Project).

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9.2 APPROACH FOR DECOMMISSIONING PLAN AND COORDINATION WITH STAKEHOLDERS

This section should describe how a decommissioning plan will be developed to identify and mitigate potential impacts, including coordination with stakeholders, and any elements of its contemplated decommissioning plan that can be identified at this stage.

- Sunrise Wind 2 shall decommission the Project in accordance with all necessary laws and regulations and generate a detailed Project-specific decommissioning plan.
- Sunrise Wind 2 shall seek input on the detailed Project-specific decommissioning plan from regulatory agencies, fisheries and marine stakeholders, and local communities.

• Sunrise Wind 2 shall use "lessons learned" from the construction and operations activities and apply them when appropriate to the decommissioning plan.

