

Energy Efficient IAQ Mini-Bid Preliminary Report No. 2

Presented to:

NYSERDA

AUGUST 27, 2020

AGENDA

- Housekeeping Items
- MoMA Main Update
- MoMA QNS Update
- 55 Water Street Update



HOUSEKEEPING ITEMS

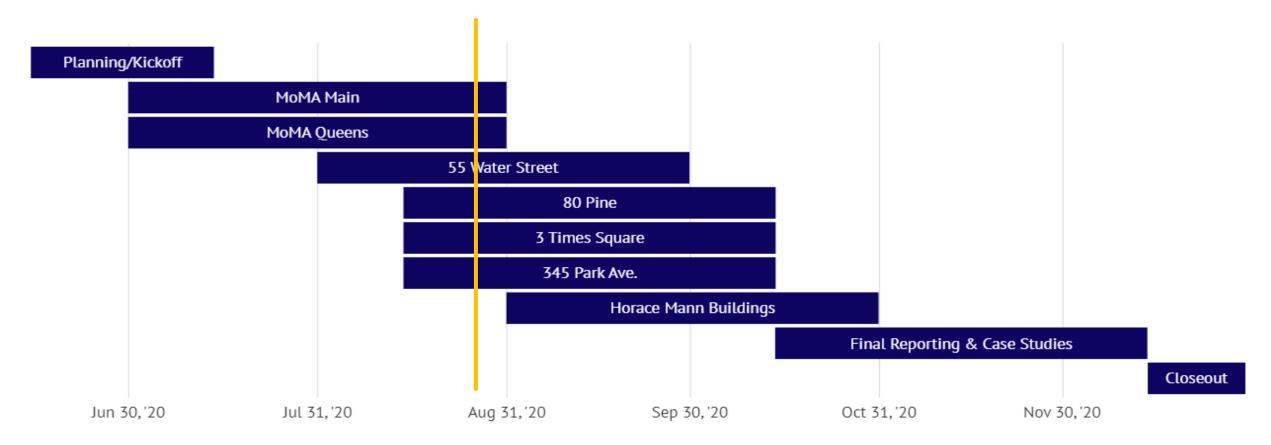


SCHEDULE UPDATE

Progress to Date and Recommended Changes

Changes:

- 55 Water Street effort moved ahead of Rudin Properties.
- Horace Mann Buildings moved to end of schedule.





APPROACHING IAQ (NEW)

Recommended Actions Related to HVAC Systems

	Increase Outdoor Air Ventilation	More Precise Temperature and Humidity Control	Upgrade Particulate Filtration	Portable Room Air Cleaners (HEPA)	Ultraviolet Germicidal Irradiation (UVGI)
ODC	X	x	x	x	X
World Health Organization	X	x	x	x	
ASHRAE	X	x	x	x	X
3E	X			X	
(ASHE)	X	X *	x		
INTERNATIONAL WELL BUILDING INSTITUTE™	X	×	×		X

^{*}ASHE requires specific temperature and humidity design parameters as part of their standard.

^{**} Organizations such as the American Society for Microbiology (ASM) has reiterated the recommendations above.



APPROACHING IAQ (NEW)

Tiered Approach

Tier 1

- Enhanced Supply Air Filtration (Increased MERV level)
- Portable HEPA Filter Units

Tier 2

- Increased Outside Air
- UV-C Emitters & Upper Room UVGI
- Increased Quantity of Air Changes
- Ventilation Effectiveness
- Real Time Air Monitoring
- Humidification Strategies

Tier 3

- Active Agents Injected into Supply Air
- Bipolar Ionization
- Dry Hydrogen Peroxide
- Probiotic Air Purifier
- Disinfecting Filtration System
- Photocatalytic Oxidation
- Photohydroionization
- Far-UV
- Aerosol Disinfection System Triethylene Glycol

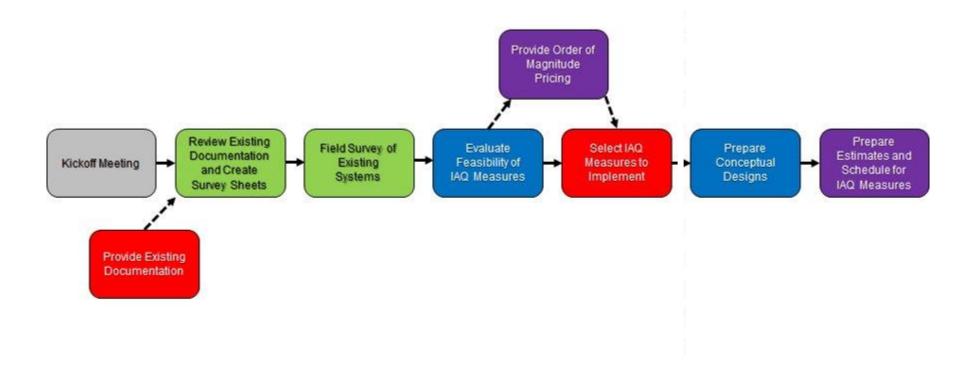
- Tier 1: Strategies that are easy to implement with minimal disruption.
- Tier 2: Strategies that are slightly more difficult to implement but are well researched and have citable data about efficacy of strategy.
- NYSERDA EE IAQ will focus on Tier 1 & Tier 2 strategies in alignment with industry guidelines and publications.

- Tier 3: Emerging technologies.
- Tier 3 strategies and other emerging technologies are outside the scope of EE IAQ.



APPROACHING IAQ (NEW)

JB&B IAQ Process





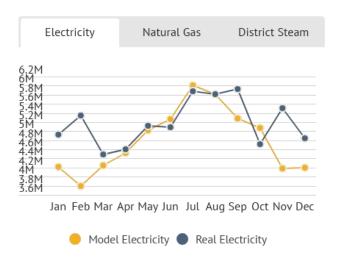
- Measures are evaluated for feasibility based on IAQ survey effort.
- Final IAQ recommendations are based upon industry recommendations, feasibility outcomes, and Client feedback on preferred strategies.



ENERGY MODELING PACKAGES

Current Understanding

Baseline Energy Model



- Pre-COVID facility energy use
- Operation assuming 100% occupancy

ASHRAE Recommendations Model

4. Operate and maintain the HVAC system - Air conditioning and ventilation systems



- Outside air for ventilation be increased to as much as the HVAC system can accommodate and still maintain acceptable indoor conditions during occupied
- Flushing sequence or mode may be implemented to operate the HVAC system with maximum outside airflows for two hours before and after occupied times.
- Systems may be operated at minimum outside air settings when the building is unoccupied or not operating in the flushing mode.

- ASHRAE Commercial Guidance document
- MERV-13/14 filters
- Highest % OA possible during Occupied hours
- Flushing sequence for 2 hrs before/after Occupied hours
- No DCV
- Case-by-case ERV

Energy Efficiency Model



- Base Upgrade Package: UV & suggested ventilation level mods
- Additional Energy Efficiency Package: Filtration level mods, control sequence, additional monitoring, etc.



ENERGY MODELING (NEW)

Approaching the ASHRAE Recommendations Model

- For buildings <u>with</u> an existing calibrated energy model:
 - Energy model inputs adjusted to reflect ASHRAE recommendations
- For buildings without an existing calibrated energy model:
 - Spreadsheet calculations for each individual IAQ strategy
 - Resource: Airborne Infection Risk (AIRC) and Ventilation Increase Impact (VII)
 Calculator from NYC DCAS and Building performance Lab

ASHRAE Recommendations Model 4. Operate and maintain the **HVAC** system - Air conditioning and ventilation systems Continued operation of all systems is recommended. Outside air for ventilation be increased to as much as the HVAC system can accommodate and still maintain acceptable indoor conditions during occupied Flushing sequence or mode may be implemented to operate the HVAC system with maximum outside airflows for two hours before and after occupied times. Systems may be operated at minimum outside air settings when the building is unoccupied or not operating in the flushing mode. ASHRAE Commercial Guidance document MERV-13/14 filters Highest % OA possible during Occupied hours • Flushing sequence for 2 hrs before/after Occupied hours No DCV Case-by-case ERV



MOMA MAIN



MOMA MAIN (NEW)

Overview

- Building Name: The Museum of Modern Art (Main Campus)
- Building Location: 53 West 53rd Street, New York, NY
- Building Typology: Cultural Institution Museum | Non-Profit | Owner-Occupied
- Occupancy Types: Art Gallery, Office, Retail
- Size: 557,000 sqft
- Operating Hours: 10:30 AM 5:30 PM Monday through Sunday
- Systems Impacting IAQ:
 - Pretreatment Units (PTU) to pre-condition ventilation air
 - Variable Air Volume Central Air Handling Systems (various configurations & vintages)
 - Air filtration strategy (galleries and art storage/preservation): MERV 8 prefilter, MER 14 first stage particulate filter, MERV 15 dual pass gaseous phase filters, MERV 15 final filter
 - Demand control ventilation
 - No airside energy recovery
- Other Notes/Information:
 - Gallery spaces have stringent temperature & humidity criteria for preservation of the art: 70°F ±2°F and 50% ±5% RH in accordance with an ASHRAE AA Preservation Category



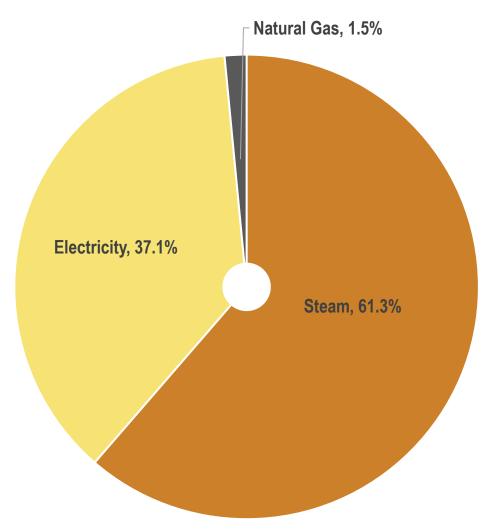


MOMA MAIN TASK LIST STATUS

Energy Efficient IAQ Energy Analysis Data Collection & Review ✓ Minimum 12-Months Pre-COVID Utility Data ☐ ASHRAE Recommendations Energy Model (In Progress) ☐ Energy Efficiency Model (In Progress) **Economic Analysis** ☐ Develop Design Document for Cost Estimator □ Collect Cost Estimates **Develop Baseline Energy Model** ☐ Conduct Economic Analysis ■ Benchmark Building **Final Reporting** ✓ Develop Preliminary ECMs ☐ Final Report ☐ Case Study Documentation **Site Survey & Energy Efficient IAQ Recommendations** ✓ Develop Filtration and Airside Equipment Operation Log

☑ Refine Preliminary ECMs

2019 Energy Consumption by Utility

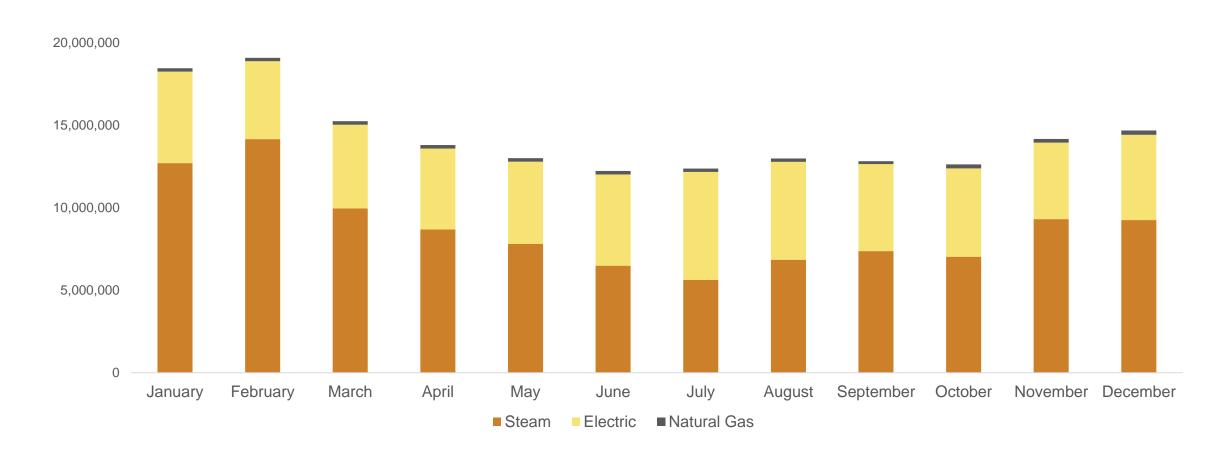


Energy Source	Energy Consumption [kBTUs]	% Energy Consumption
Electricity	63,630,436	37.1%
ConEd Steam	105,128,235	61.4%
Natural Gas	2,601,160	1.5%



Total 2019 Monthly Consumption by Utility [kBtu]

25,000,000

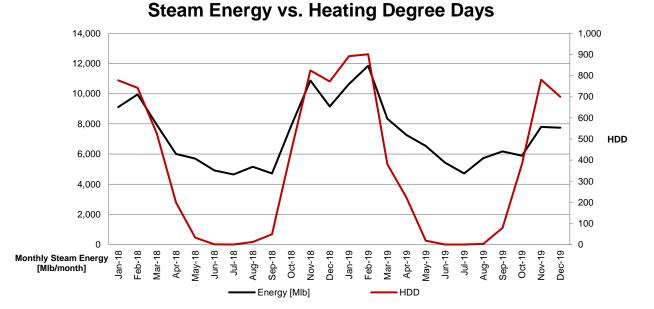




Total 2019 Consumption: 171,397,290 kBtu

Steam

Year	Month	Energy [ConEd Mlb]	Days	HDD
2018	January	9,113	28	777
2018	February	9,954	32	742
2018	March	7,939	27	526
2018	April	6,005	29	200
2018	May	5,694	31	33
2018	June	4,914	29	1
2018	July	4,651	28	0
2018	August	5,159	31	13
2018	September	4,708	28	49
2018	October	7,873	29	444
2018	November	10,878	32	825
2018	December	9,150	29	772
2019	January	10,635	28	892
2019	February	11,849	32	901
2019	March	8,335	27	381
2019	April	7,262	29	222
2019	May	6,534	31	19
2019	June	5,433	29	0
2019	July	4,710	28	0
2019	August	5,731	31	3
2019	September	6,171	29	79
2019	October	5,884	28	381
2019	November	7,793	32	781
2019	December	7,742	29	699

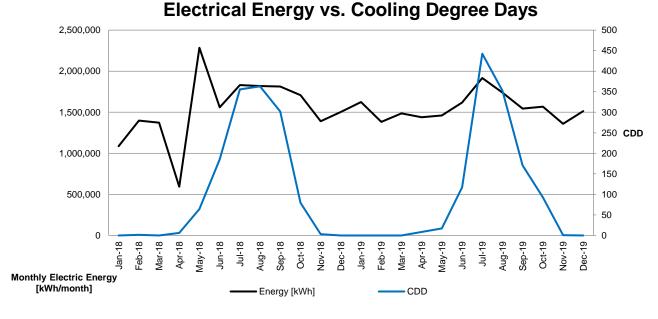


- 1. A regression analysis was utilized to develop a baseline energy model for heating end uses in the building. This analysis often allows the energy auditing team to better understand the facilities' heating energy profile and will form the analytical foundation for energy reduction analysis associated with ECMs impacting building heating loads.
- 2. Insight: The regression analysis shows that MoMA Main's steam profile follows an expected trajectory, with steam usage driven by outside air temperature in the winter and humidity control requirements year-round.



E	lec	tri	ci	ty

Year	Month	Energy [kWh]	Power [kW]	Days	CDD
2018	January	1,086,787	2,536	22	0
2018	February	1,397,600	2,556	29	2
2018	March	1,372,000	2,340	28	0
2018	April	593,600	2,649	30	6
2018	May	2,284,800	2,866	28	64
2018	June	1,559,200	3,000	29	186
2018	July	1,831,200	3,185	30	356
2018	August	1,818,400	3,218	28	363
2018	September	1,812,800	3,244	29	302
2018	October	1,707,200	3,070	31	80
2018	November	1,389,600	2,621	28	3
2018	December	1,503,200	2,827	30	0
2019	January	1,623,414	2,532	33	0
2019	February	1,383,200	2,575	29	0
2019	March	1,486,400	2,701	30	0
2019	April	1,438,400	2,651	28	9
2019	May	1,460,800	2,845	28	17
2019	June	1,618,400	3,015	29	117
2019	July	1,916,800	3,138	31	443
2019	August	1,738,400	3,079	28	353
2019	September	1,544,000	2,951	29	171
2019	October	1,567,200	2,856	31	93
2019	November	1,358,400	2,865	28	1
2019	December	1,513,600	2,502	32	0

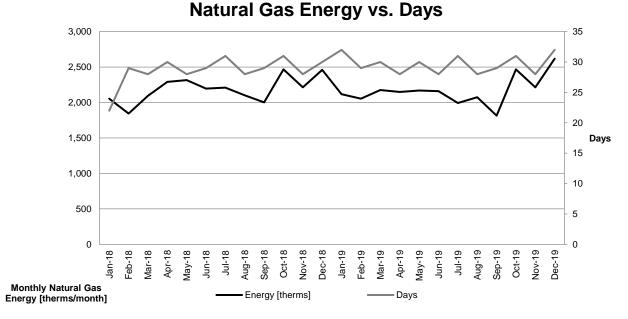


- A regression analysis was utilized to develop a baseline energy model for cooling end uses in the building. This analysis often allows the energy auditing team to better understand the facilities' cooling energy profile and will form the analytical foundation for energy reduction analysis associated with ECMs impacting building cooling loads.
- Insight: The regression analysis shows that MoMA's cooling energy profile is consistent
 year-round due to the stringent temperature and humidity requirements for Museum gallery
 spaces. Peaks in the summer months are due to additional cooling load as outside
 temperatures rise.



Natural Gas

Year	Month	Energy [therm]	Days
2018	January	2,054	22
2018	February	1,844	29
2018	March	2,094	28
2018	April	2,291	30
2018	May	2,315	28
2018	June	2,197	29
2018	July	2,211	31
2018	August	2,101	28
2018	September	2,003	29
2018	October	2,467	31
2018	November	2,215	28
2018	December	2,461	30
2019	January	2,118	32
2019	February	2,054	29
2019	March	2,177	30
2019	April	2,150	28
2019	May	2,169	30
2019	June	2,160	28
2019	July	1,994	31
2019	August	2,074	28
2019	September	1,815	29
2019	October	2,467	31
2019	November	2,215	28
2019	December	2,619	32

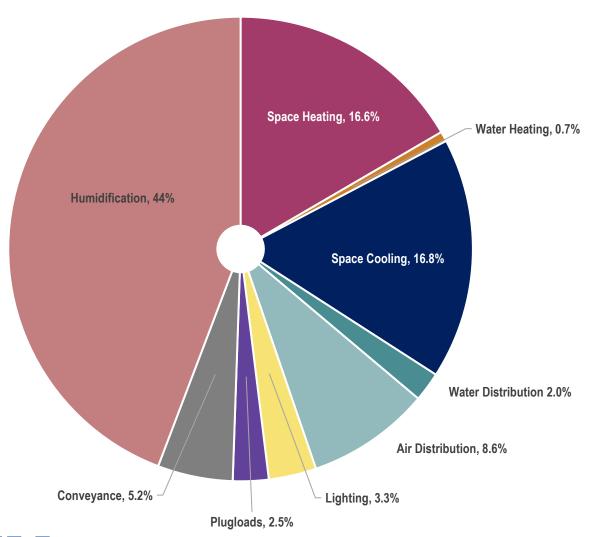


- 1. A regression analysis was utilized to develop a baseline energy model for natural gas uses in the building. Natural gas is utilized for cooking in the museum's café.
- 2. Insight: The analysis shows that MoMA Main's cooking energy profile follows a typical trajectory and is driven by the number of days that the building's restaurant is open and operational.



UTILITY ANALYSIS

Total 2019 Consumption by End Use



End Use	Energy Consumption (kBtu)	% Energy Consumption
Space Heating	28,373,022	16.6%
Water Heating	1,188,774	0.7%
Space Cooling	28,709,029	16.8%
Water Distribution	3,484,022	2.0%
Air Distribution	14,693,900	8.6%
Lighting	5,667,729	3.3%
Plug Loads	4,250,797	2.5%
Conveyance	8,942,825	5.2%
Humidification	75,566,439	44.1%

- 1. The end use categories are based on ASHRAE Standard 211-2018 Guidelines.
- 2. Equipment runtimes are based on discussions with building staff and standard assumptions, along with a 2020 LL87 report, where applicable.
- 3. Humidification and space heating end uses require further refinement.



IAQ ONSITE SURVEY (NEW)

AHU and Filtration Media Inventory

- Inventory includes fan data, coil data, pre & final filtration strategies, make and model of each SF & RF, duct dimensions, etc.
- Information will be used to determine feasibility of IAQ recommendations and to evaluate energy impact of IAQ measures.

					Fan Info				
Unit Number	Service	Floor	Room	VFD	Fan Manufacturer	Model Number Motor	ID/Serial Number Motor	Model Number Fan	Serial Number Fan
ACW-23	Level 11 Offices	11	11th Floor Core 1 MER	Yes	Trane	MOGB	BX08	MCCB021UA0B0UA	K02K59722A
ACW-24	Level 12 Offices	12	12th Floor Core 1 MER	Yes	Trane	MOGB	BX08	MCCB021UA0B0UB	K02K59709A
ACW-25	Level 13 Offices	13	13th Floor Core 1 MER	Yes	trane	N/A	N/A	MCCB021UA0B0UB	K02K59729A
ACW-26	Level 14 Offices	14	14th Floor Core 1 MER	Yes	Trane	M0GB	BX08	MCCB021UA0B0UB	K02K59750A
ACW-27	Level 15 Offices	15	15th Floor Core 1 MER	Yes	Trane	MOGB	BX07	MCCB021UA0B0UB	K02K59742A
ACW-28	Comm. & Elec. RM's, Mez, 1st, 2nd Floors	2	2nd Floor Core 1 Storage Room	Yes	Trane	X70380211010	9QM56T17D5346B P	BCVC054G1A0A1M03F	T02K73396
ACW-29	Interstitial Glass Space	Mezzanine	Central Plant	Yes	Trane	M0GB	BX05	MCCB008UA0B0UA	K02K56594A



NOTES, ASSUMPTIONS & RESOURCES

- Resource: ASHRAE Standard 211-2018
- Resource: ASHRAE Epidemic Task Force guidance
 - Building Readiness (05/21/2020)
 - Commercial (04/20/2020)
 - Filtration & Disinfection (05/27/2020)
- Resource: Airborne Infection Risk (AIRC) and Ventilation Increase Impact (VII) Calculator v1.0 (07/2020)
- Existing LL87 Report (Kohler Ronan 2018-2019) utilized as a check on JB&B analysis.
- Existing documentation from MoMA Expansion project (JB&B design).
- Energy Star Portfolio for Utility Data (Con Ed benchmarking link enabled).
- Existing schedule sheets utilized for Energy Use Breakdown.
- Con Ed Facility Assessment Report (07/2020) reviewed for additional EEM opportunities.



NEXT STEPS

- Evaluate feasibility of Tier 1 & Tier 2 IAQ strategies
- Complete ASHRAE Recommendations model
- Complete Energy Efficiency model
- Expected DRAFT for Final Report Delivery to MoMA Main and NYSERDA by 9/30.



MOMA QNS



MOMA QNS (NEW)

Overview

- Building Name: The Museum of Modern Art Queens (MoMA QNS)
- Building Location: 45-20 33rd Street, Long Island City, QNS
- Building Typology: Art Storage/Industrial | Non-Profit | Owner-Occupied
- Occupancy Types: Storage, Office
- Size: 140,000 sqft
- Operating Hours: 10:00 AM 5:00 PM Thursday through Monday & 10:00 AM 7:45 PM Friday
- Systems Impacting IAQ:
 - Dedicated outdoor air unit for ventilation air connected to indoor variable air volume air handling units | DX rooftop units
 - Air filtration strategy (art storage/preservation): MERV 8 pre-filter, MER 14 first stage particulate filter, MERV 15 dual pass gaseous phase filters, MERV 15 final filter
 - No demand control ventilation
 - No airside energy recovery
- Other Notes/Information:
 - Art storage spaces have stringent temperature & humidity criteria for preservation of the art: 70°F ±2°F and 50% ±5% RH in accordance with an ASHRAE AA Preservation Category. The Library Stacks is considered a specialty zone, which must maintain 65°F ±2°F and 35% ±5% RH





MOMA QNS TASK LIST STATUS

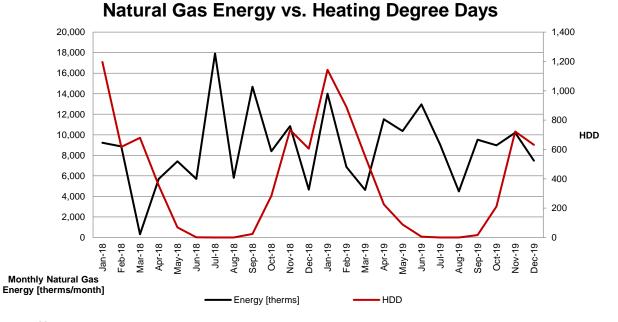
Energy Efficient IAQ Energy Analysis Data Collection & Review ✓ Minimum 12-Months Pre-COVID Utility Data ☐ ASHRAE Recommendations Energy Model (In Progress) ☐ Energy Efficiency Model (In Progress) **Economic Analysis** ☐ Develop Design Document for Cost Estimator □ Collect Cost Estimates **Develop Baseline Energy Model** ☐ Conduct Economic Analysis ■ Benchmark Building **Final Reporting** ✓ Develop Preliminary ECMs ☐ Final Report ☐ Case Study Documentation **Site Survey & Energy Efficient IAQ Recommendations**

☑ Develop Filtration and Airside Equipment Operation Log

☑ Refine Preliminary ECMs

Natural Gas

Year	Month	Energy [therms]	Days	HDD
2018	January	9,219	36	1,196
2018	February	8,862	29	617
2018	March	308	28	680
2018	April	5,711	30	355
2018	May	7,421	29	69
2018	June	5,708	30	2
2018	July	17,922	30	0
2018	August	5,814	29	0
2018	September	14,684	28	24
2018	October	8,398	28	284
2018	November	10,850	33	734
2018	December	4,655	24	605
2019	January	14,007	36	1,143
2019	February	6,870	29	891
2019	March	4,630	30	554
2019	April	11,515	28	226
2019	May	10,355	29	89
2019	June	12,956	31	5
2019	July	9,039	28	0
2019	August	4,486	29	0
2019	September	9,520	28	16
2019	October	8,973	30	212
2019	November	10,209	31	723
2019	December	7,474	24	631

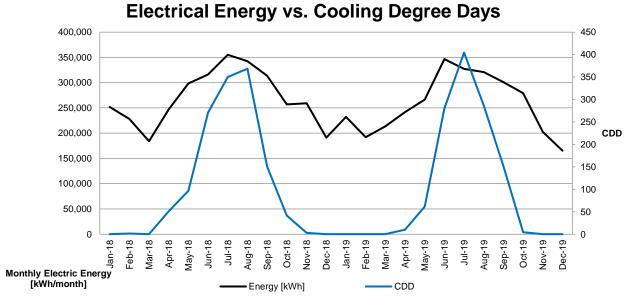


- 1. A regression analysis was utilized to develop a simplified energy model for heating end uses in the building.
- 2. Insight: The regression analysis shows that MoMA QNS's heating energy profile follows a typical trajectory and is driven by outside air temperature. Additional investigation into peaks will be required. May need to run regression analysis based on OA RH instead of OA temp since NG is used to generate steam for humidification and space heating.



Electricity

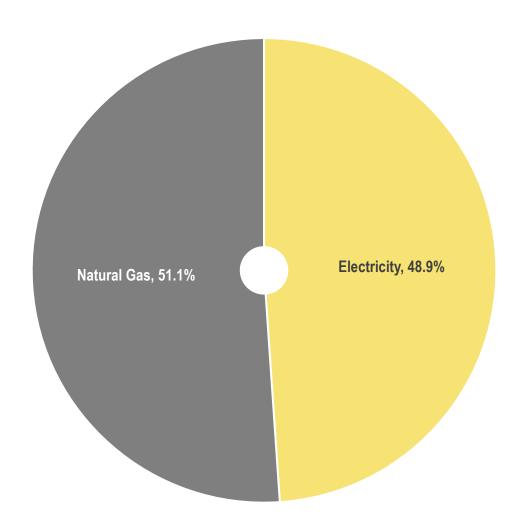
Year	Month	Energy [kWh]	Days	CDD
2018	January	251,819	35	0
2018	February	228,000	29	2
2018	March	184,000	28	0
2018	April	247,200	30	51
2018	May	298,400	29	97
2018	June	316,000	29	271
2018	July	355,200	30	350
2018	August	342,400	29	369
2018	September	313,600	28	151
2018	October	256,800	28	42
2018	November	259,200	33	3
2018	December	190,968	25	0
2019	January	232,232	35	0
2019	February	192,000	29	0
2019	March	213,600	31	0
2019	April	241,600	28	10
2019	May	266,400	29	62
2019	June	346,400	31	280
2019	July	327,200	28	405
2019	August	320,800	29	287
2019	September	300,800	28	152
2019	October	279,200	30	5
2019	November	202,400	31	0
2019	December	165,368	24	0



- 1. A regression analysis was utilized to develop a baseline energy model for cooling end uses in the building.
- 2. Insight: The regression analysis shows that MoMA QNS cooling energy profile is consistent year-round due to the stringent temperature and humidity requirements for Museum gallery and art storage spaces.



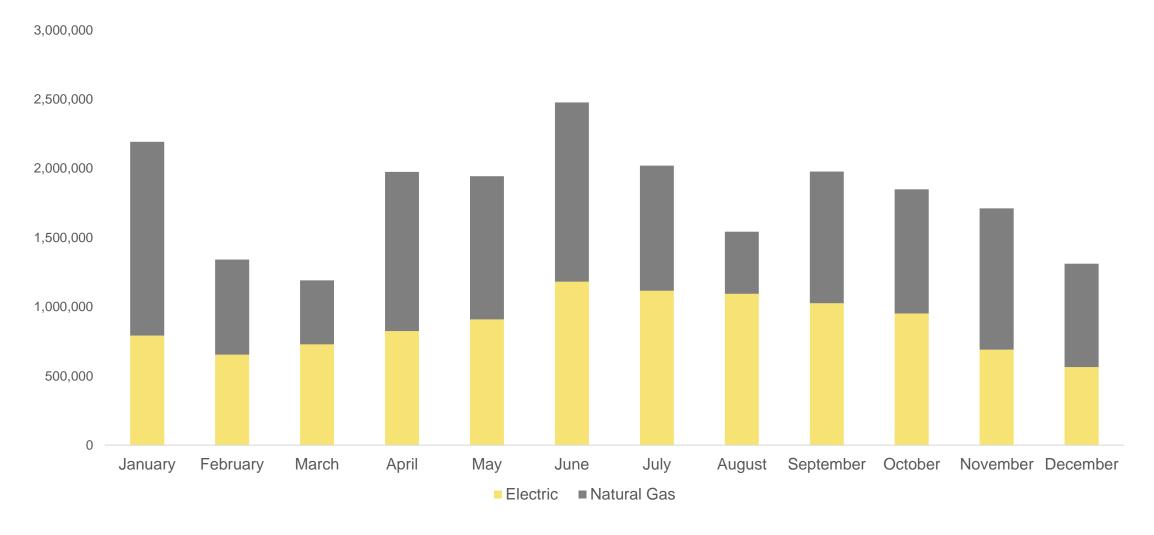
Total Regression Based 2019 Consumption by Utility



Energy Source	Energy Consumption [kBTUs]	% Energy Consumption
Electricity	10,536,256	48.9%
Natural Gas	11,003,594	51.1%



Total Monthly Consumption by Utility [kBtu]

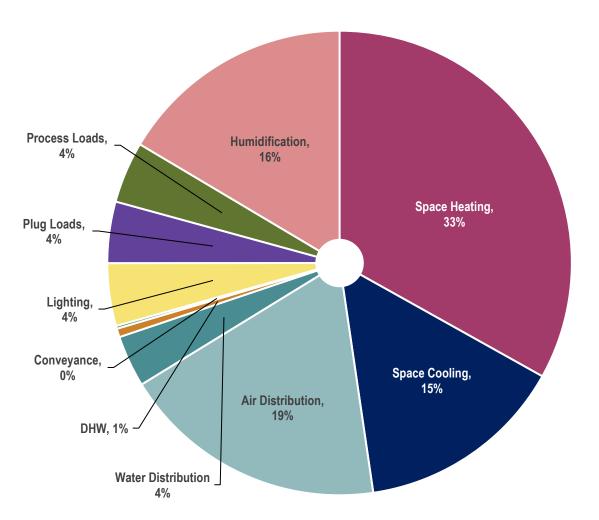




Total 2019 Consumption: 21,539,850 kBtu

UTILITY ANALYSIS

Total 2019 Consumption by End Use



End Use	Energy Consumption (kBtu)	% Energy Consumption
Space Heating	7,376,459	33.2%
Space Cooling	3,246,275	14.6%
Air Distribution	4,134,779	8.6%
Water Distribution	800,678	3.6%
Water Heating	133,000	0.6%
Conveyance	45,000	0.2%
Lighting	971,000	4.4%
Plug Loads	952,000	4.3%
Process Loads	952,000	4.3%
Humidification	3,667,867	16.5%

- 1. The end use categories are based on ASHRAE Standard 211-2018 Guidelines.
- 2. Equipment runtimes are based on discussions with building staff and standard assumptions, along with a 2020 LL87 report, where applicable.



IAQ ONSITE SURVEY (NEW)

AHU and Filtration Media Inventory

- Inventory includes fan data, coil data, pre & final filtration strategies, make and model of each SF & RF, duct dimensions, etc.
- Information will be used to determine feasibility of IAQ recommendations and to evaluate energy impact of IAQ measures.

			Fan Info									
Unit Number	Unit Model	Unit Serial	Service	Room	Type	VFD	Motor Manufacturer	Model Number Motor	ID Number Motor	Model Number Fan	Serial Number Fan	
AC-1L-1	Ventrol ITF VC22- 74/102-I2	10277-01	Collection I	Sub-Cellar MER		Yes	Weg Nema Premium	025180T3E284TF2	06MAR2017 1035562622			
AC-1L-2	Ventrol ITF VCC22- 74/102-I2	10277-02	Collection II	Sub-Cellar MER		Yes	Weg Nema Premium	025180P3E284T	13SET06 BY26056			
AC-1L-4	Ventrol ITF VC22- 74/81-I2	10277-04	Shops	Cellar MER		Yes	Baldor SuperE	EM2515T	39K057W915			
AC-1L-5	Ventrol ITF VCC22- 74/102-I2	10277-05	Office Area	Cellar MER		Yes	Nidec Motor Corporation	FP91	A 10 962454-0001 M 0004			
AC-2L-1	Ventrol ITF VC30- 108/118-I2	10277-06	Exhibition Area	Cellar MER	Centrifugal	Yes	GE	5KE324AC220	7440150098	9V1223 120	ACF/PLR/FAN CLASS I-	
AC-2L-2	Ventrol ITF VC30- 105/129-I2	10277-07	Lobby/Safe Area	Sub-Cellar MER	Centrifugal	Yes	GE	5KE326AC220	7441250056	9V1223 130	ACF/PLR/FAN CLASS I-	
AC-ZL-3	Ventrol ITF VC27- 87/107-12	10277-08	Exhibition/Conservatio n	Cellar MER	Centrifugal	Yes	Baldor SuperE	EFM2539T	20104050239			
AC-2L-4	Ventrol ITF VCC22- 72/78-12	10277-09	Paper Collection	Cellar MER		Yes	Dayton	4GZC4	ASGH OG			
AC-C-1	Ventrol		Corridor	Roof		Yes	Hengshui Electric Motors	PB0254FB6	PB0254FBAP127002			
AC-2L-5			Offices	Roof	Centrifugal	Yes	Baldor SuperE	EM3311T 37F614Y663	F0011080960			
AC-OA-1			AC Units	Roof	Centrifugal	Yes	Toshiba	24AW27	S65226110			
AC-LS-1	Purafil 000143 04	E01-3040	Library Stacks	Roof		Yes	No Access	No Access	No Access			



NOTES, ASSUMPTIONS & RESOURCES

- Resource: ASHRAE Standard 211-2018
- Resource: ASHRAE Epidemic Task Force guidance
 - Building Readiness (05/21/2020)
 - Commercial (04/20/2020)
 - Filtration & Disinfection (05/27/2020)
- Resource: Airborne Infection Risk (AIRC) and Ventilation Increase Impact (VII) Calculator v1.0 (07/2020)
- Existing LL87 Report (Kohler Ronan 2018-2019) utilized as a check on JB&B analysis.
- Existing documentation from MoMA Expansion project (JB&B design).
- Energy Star Portfolio for Utility Data (Con Ed benchmarking link enabled).
- Existing schedule sheets utilized for Energy Use Breakdown.
- Con Ed Facility Assessment Report (07/2020) reviewed for additional EEM opportunities.



NEXT STEPS

- Evaluate feasibility of Tier 1 & Tier 2 IAQ strategies
- Complete ASHREA Recommendations model
- Complete Energy Efficiency model
- Expected DRAFT for Final Report Delivery to MoMA QNS and NYSERDA by 9/30



55 WATER STREET



55 WATER STREET (NEW)

Overview

- Building Name: 55 Water Street
- Building Location: 55 Water Street, New York, NY
- Building Typology: Commercial Office
- Occupancy Types: Office, Retail, Cafteria
- Size: 3.5 million sqft
- Operating Hours: 8:00 AM 5:00 PM Monday through Friday | 8:00 AM 12:00 PM Saturday
- Systems Impacting IAQ:
 - Variable Air Volume Central Air Handling Systems (various configurations & vintages)
 - Perimeter Induction Units
 - MERV 13/14 Filtration Strategy Upgraded to MERV 15/16
 - No Demand Control Ventilation
 - No Energy Recovery

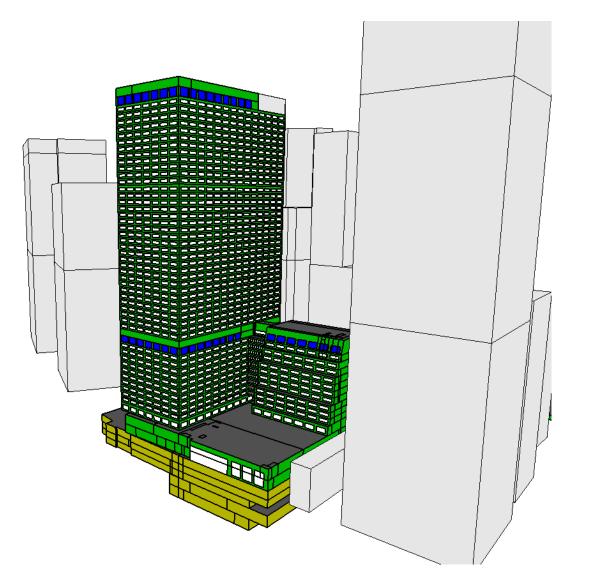




55 WATER STREET TASK LIST STATUS (NEW)

Data Collection & Review	Energy Efficient IAQ Energy Analysis				
☑ Minimum 12-Months Pre-COVID Utility Data	☐ ASHRAE Recommendations Energy Model				
	☐ Energy Efficiency Model				
☑ BMS Sequence of Ops					
	Economic Analysis				
	☐ Develop Design Document for Cost Estimate				
	☐ Collect Cost Estimates				
Develop Baseline Energy Model	☐ Conduct Economic Analysis				
■ Benchmark Building	Final Reporting				
✓ Develop Preliminary ECMs	☐ Final Report				
	☐ Case Study Documentation				
Site Survey & Energy Efficient IAQ Recommendations					
☑ Develop Filtration and Airside Equipment Operation Log					
□ Develop IAQ Recommendations (In Progress)					
□ Refine Preliminary ECMs					

DESIGNBUILDER® MODEL (NEW)

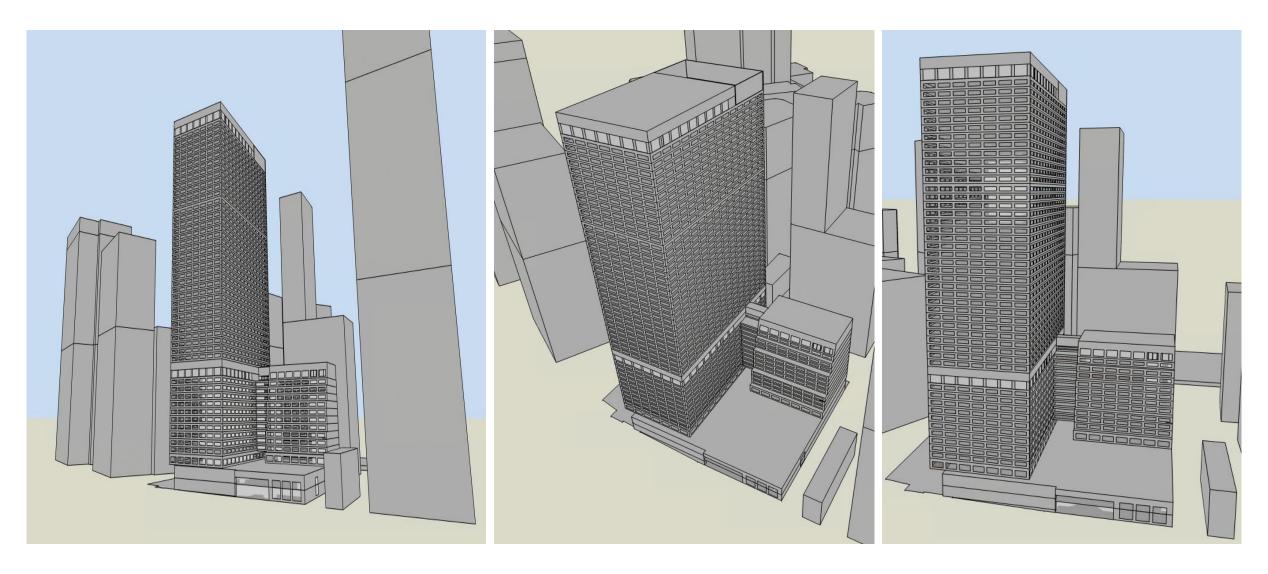






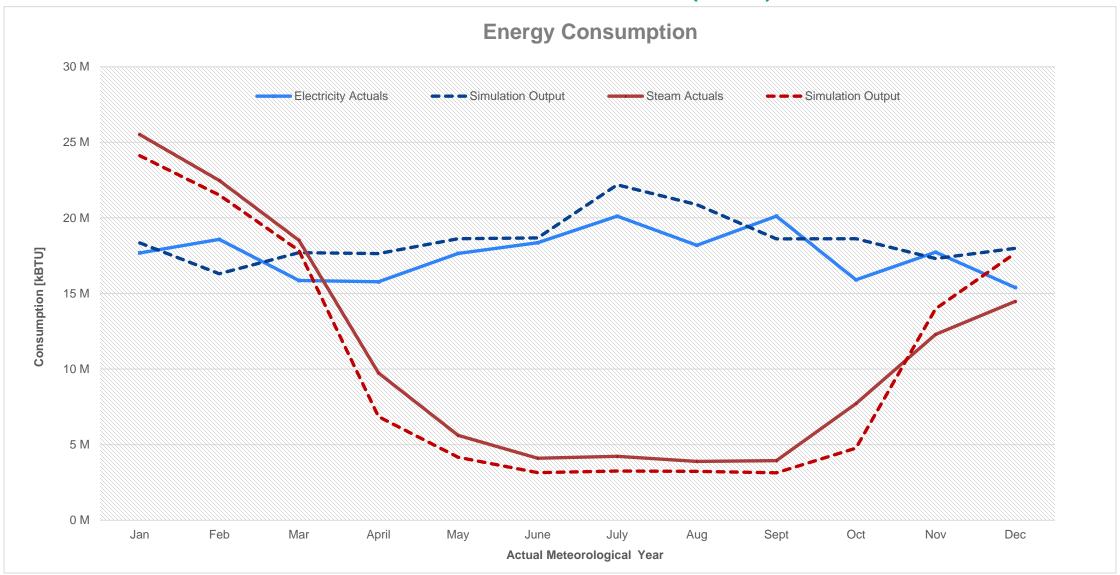
*Existing Calibrated Energy Model built in 2019 based on 2018 utility data. Weather file updated from 2018 to 2019.

DESIGNBUILDER® RENDERINGS (NEW)





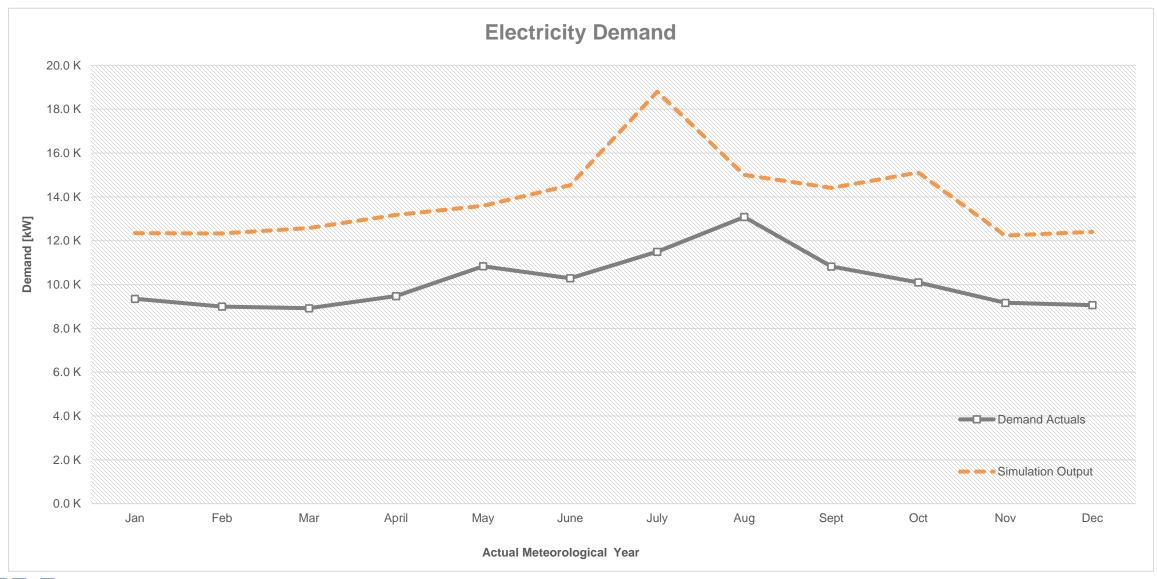
CALIBRATION OUTPUTS (NEW)





Total Actual 2019 Consumption: 343,841,233 kBtu
Total Calibrated 2019 Consumption: 346,710,322 kBtu
Margin of Error: +1%

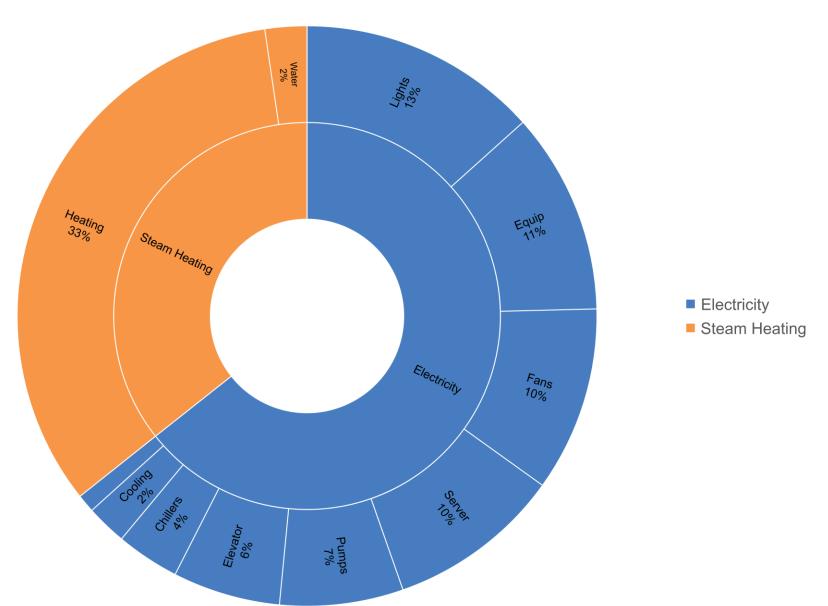
CALIBRATION OUTPUTS (NEW)





ENERGY BREAKDOWN (NEW)

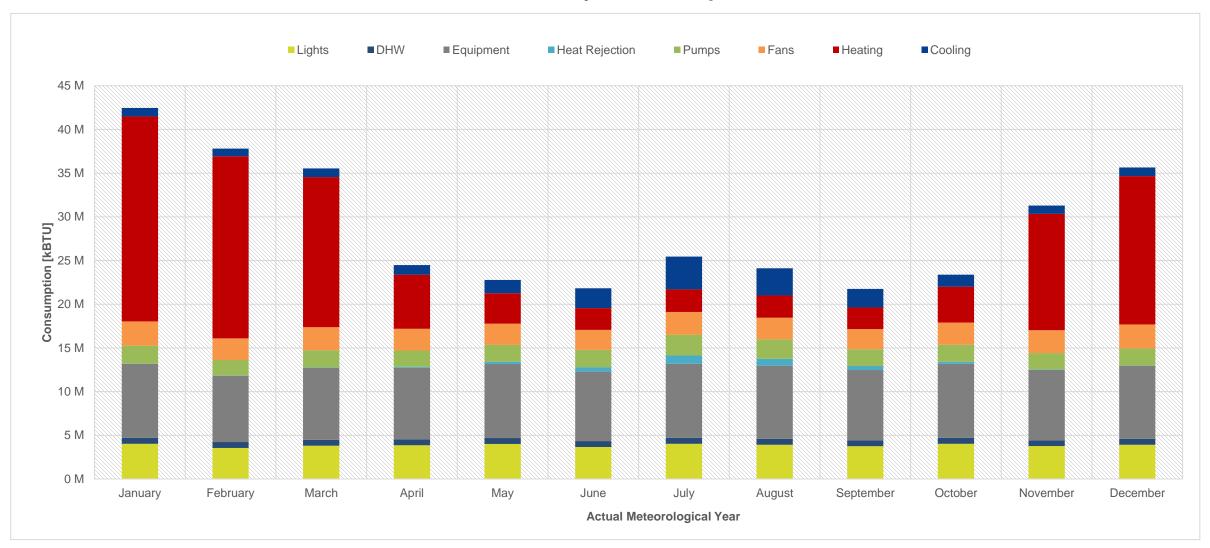
Total Annual Consumption by Utility





ENERGY BREAKDOWN (NEW)

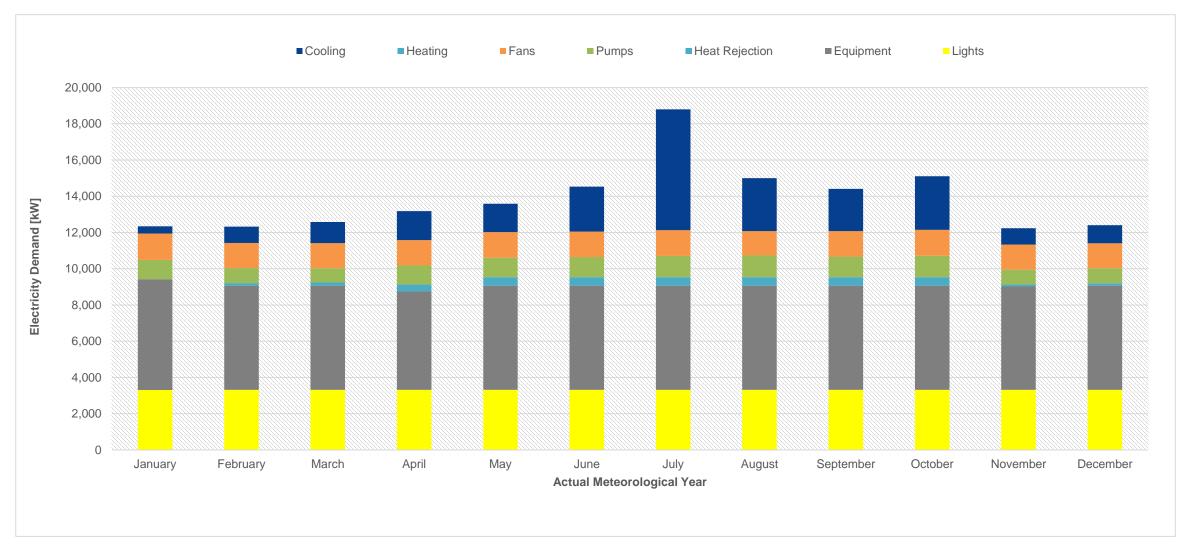
Total Monthly Consumption





ENERGY BREAKDOWN (NEW)

Monthly Electrical Demand

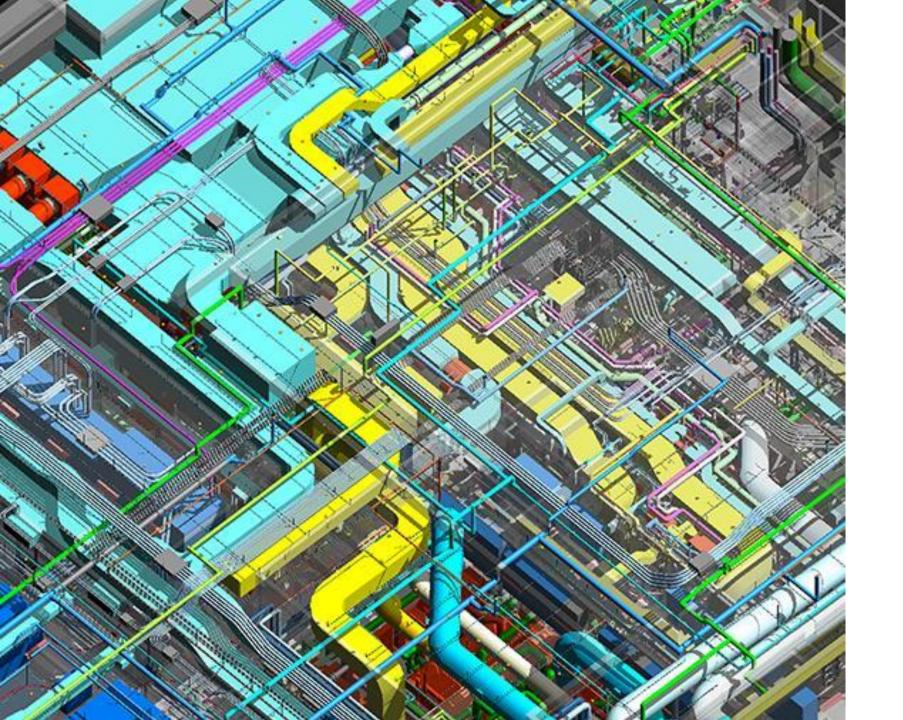




NEXT STEPS (NEW)

- Develop Filtration and Airside Equipment Operation Log
- Evaluate ASHRAE minimum recommendations in energy model
- Develop ECMs for IAQ systems
- Expected DRAFT for Final Report Delivery to MoMA QNS and NYSERDA by 10/15







80 PINE STREET NEW YORK, NY 10005

T 212.530.9300 F 212.269.5894

WWW.JBB.COM