345 Hudson Street

- New York City
- 857,000 GSF
- 17 stories commercial
- office building built in 1931





Nordic design principles applied to New York real estate

Hudson Square Partnership:

Hines TRINITY CHURCH WALL STREET **Project Team:**



Disclaimer: The project plan outlined in this presentation is in its early design stage and can be subject to potential changes in the future.

345 Hudson is a commercial office building with a mid-tier energy rating of 75 kBtu/SF, an ageing heating system burning natural gas and recurring carbon emissions fines starting in 2035.

The Hudson Square partnership is committed to future-proof its flagship property by upgrading its building infrastructure while meeting the legislative climate goals and stay competitive in the commercial office market.

The HSP team brought together a consortium of global solution providers and engineering expertise to develop a long-term retrofit plan to minimize energy usage and carbon emissions.

The 345 Hudson EBC project provides a roadmap for sustainable practices by applying the Nordic design principles of holistic energy recycling and electrification.

As part of the overall decarbonization roadmap, the Empire Building Challenge is funding the measures to be implemented before 2025

NYSERDA Investment	EBC Funded Measure Private Investment
\$5 Million	\$30 Million +

345 Hudson will demonstrate the power of thermal networking and electrification



Learn more about the 345 Hudson project

- High Rise / Low Carbon Partner
 Profile: 345 Hudson
- Empire Building Playbook: HSP Case Study

Thermal Networks: enable heat sharing between spaces

Developing a hydronic loop operating at ambient temperatures by converting the existing condenser water riser. The ambient loop enables future optionality with the integration of different heat sources and takes advantage of simultaneous heating and cooling opportunities between spaces and floors to reuse otherwise wasted heat.

Electrification: take advantage of high coefficient of performance

Leverage the high efficiency of heat pump technologies, enable grid interactivity, and take advantage of future low-carbon electricity production planned by the state.



Water Source Heat Pump by Energy Machines

Current Baseline	Potential by 2030*	
75 kBtu/SF/yr	38 kBtu/SF/yr	50%
24% Natural Gas + 76% Electricity	100% Electricity	
4,999 Ton CO2e/yr	1,500 Ton CO2e/yr	10%
\$204,000 /year of LL97 fines starting in 2030	\$0 LL97 fines through 2030	

* These potential results are based on the best-case scenario but are dependent on tenant plug loads and tenant equipment fit-outs.

Resource Efficient Decarbonization (RED):

An incremental methodology and integrated design process combined with strategic capital planning creates a path towards carbon neutral buildings.

A holistic approach and phasing can make decarbonization technically and economically feasible.





345 Hudson Decarbonization Plan

Heating Cooling Ventilation

Key Takeaways: Eliminate on-site fossil fuel usage, phased-in implementation based on tenant turnover, lower distribution temperatures, minimize wasted heat, heat sharing

