

## Value Stack Calculator Training

February 2024



#### Welcome and Context

In 2017, the New York Public Service Commission established the Value Stack methodology to compensate distributed energy resources (DERs) for energy provided to the grid

The Value Stack is a nuanced tariff structure to value energy based on both when and where it is injected to the grid

NYSERDA and E3 developed a calculator tool to help developers estimate project revenue under the Value Stack

This calculator is available in two versions, for projects that qualified for the Value Stack on or before July 26, 2018 ("Phase One"), and those that have qualified since ("Phase Two")

A prior presentation and training for the Value Stack Calculator from 2019 is available on NYSERDA's website, on the NY-Sun: Value Stack Resources subpage

This training is intended as a supplementary update to accompany the Value Stack Calculator Phase Two Version 3.0

## Agenda

#### **Review of the Value Stack**

#### **Model Overview**

#### **Using the Value Stack Calculator: Sample Model Runs**

- Community Distributed Generation (CDG)
- Remote Crediting with Solar and Storage
- Behind-the-Meter Solar with On-site Load (Small customer)
- Standalone Storage

#### Disclaimer

NYSERDA has provided the Value Stack Calculator as a tool to help developers understand the Value Stack Tariff and estimate project revenues. Estimated project revenue modeled by the calculator is not guaranteed by NYSERDA and is heavily dependent on user-input factors – actual project revenue will be based on variables including weather and future market rates for energy and capacity.

## Chapter 1: The Value Stack

Components and Resources

#### What is the Value Stack?

The Value Stack is a successor tariff to Net Metering in New York State, and serves to determine the value of energy provided to the electrical grid by DERs

VDER provides customers with monetary rather than volumetric energy credits for the electricity their resources produce. Compensation takes the form of utility bill credits rather than cash payments to project owners.

Each individual benefit provided by DERs is recognized as a separate component – together, they make up the 'Value Stack'

Different project technologies may be eligible for different combinations of value stack components.

## Value Stack Components

Value Name	Description	Eligible DERs
Energy Value (LBMP)	LBMP is the day-ahead wholesale energy price as determined by NYISO. It changes hourly and is different according to geographic zone.	All technologies: PV, storage, CHP, digesters, wind, hydro, and fuel cells.
Capacity Value (ICAP)	ICAP is the value of how well a project reduces New York State's energy usage during the most energy-intensive days of the year. Developers can choose from three payout alternatives and most ICAP rates change monthly.*	All technologies receive ICAP. Dispatchable technologies (stand-alone storage, CHP, digesters, and fuel cells) will receive Alternative 3.
Environmental Value (E)	E is the value of how much environmental benefit a clean kilowatt-hour brings to the grid and society. The E value is locked in for 25 years.**	PV, wind, hydro, and storage charged exclusively from PV or wind energy. Standalone storage is not eligible at this time.
Demand Reduction Value (DRV)	DRV is determined by how much a project reduces the utility's future needs to make grid upgrades. DRV is locked in for 10 years.**	All technologies.
Locational System Relief Value (LSRV)	LSRV is available in utility-designated locations where DERs can provide additional benefits to the grid. Each location has a limited number of MW of LSRV capacity available. The LSRV is locked in for 10 years.**	All technologies. Project must be on a utility-specified substation.
Community Credit (CC)	CC is available on a limited basis to encourage the development of Community Distributed Generation (CDG) projects. CC is the successor to the Market Transition Credit (MTC) and is similar in structure. The CC is locked in for 25 years.** PV projects in utility territories that have fully expended their CC may be eligible for the Community Adder – an upfront incentive administered by NY-Sun.	Available for CDG projects including PV and digesters. Wind, hydro, and fuel cells receive CC at a derated value. Not available for stand-alone storage or CHP.

#### NYSERDA's Value Stack Website

https://www.nyserda.ny.gov/All-Programs/Programs/NY-Sun/Contractors/Value-of-Distributed-Energy-Resources

Navigate by NY-Sun → Contractors → The Value Stack, or search engine

#### Includes:

- > Links to Value Stack Orders
- > Summary presentations/webinar recordings (including this training!)
- > FAQs
- > Incentive tranche updates
- > Links to utility monthly filings
- > VDER Order source documents, etc.
- > Link to VDER Calculator subpage

#### NYSERDA's Value Stack Calculator Website

https://www.nyserda.ny.gov/All-Programs/Programs/NY-Sun/Contractors/Value-ofDistributed-Energy-Resources/Solar-Value-Stack-Calculator

#### Includes:

- > "Phase Two" and "Phase One" VDER calculator files
- > Revision notes
- > Sign up for email notifications

## Chapter 2: Model Overview

#### The Value Stack Calculator

Free, Excel-based model developed by E3 and NYSERDA

Answers the question: "What is the estimated value of energy produced by my solar or storage system?"

Includes explanation of value stack components, documentation of source data, and visualization of results for a user-input project

Updated periodically to address revisions to the Value Stack tariff and new available market data

Separated into "Phase One" and "Phase Two" VDER versions

Models solar (front-of-the-meter and behind-the-meter), PV+storage where the storage is charged by solar, and standalone, front-of-the-meter storage.

Standalone storage is a new functionality with Rev 3.0 (for all utilities). Users must provide relevant details to estimate revenues and charging costs.

#### The Value Stack Calculator Does Not

#### Include a full project financial pro forma for an individual project

The calculator does not account for project costs, incentives or tax credits, contract structures, non-VDER tariffs, etc.

#### **Guarantee of future project revenue**

The calculator is a modeling/estimating tool. Actual bill credits will be calculated by the utility

This model is not compatible with <u>behind-the-meter</u> storage

## Summary of Key Changes in v3.0

- Merged the functionality of the Standalone Storage calculator with the Solar Value Stack Calculator
  - Existing model inputs remain largely unchanged, but have been re-organized to accommodate the new inputs for front-of-the-meter standalone storage
  - A standalone storage dispatch module has been added, incorporating utility retail rates for charging costs. Energy
    dispatch logic for solar or solar + storage projects remains unchanged from the prior version
  - Calculation flow through the workbook has been modified slightly to allow for an updated Storage tab summarizing results of either solar + storage ("Hybrid Storage") or stand-alone storage dispatch
  - Model outputs now incorporate charging costs for stand-alone storage and include additional charts for visualizing results
  - Model documentation has been updated to address stand-alone storage inputs and eligibility for value stack components
- Added 2023 historic LBMP (energy) pricing, historic 2023 ICAP pricing, and 2023 LSRV hours
- No changes to DRV or E Value as these value stack items have not changed in the past year
  - Solar generation curves within the calculator were adjusted as needed to maintain the calculator's functionality, but new profiles have not been added in v3.0

## Updated v3.0 Value Stack Calculator

#### Value Stack Calculator Tabs

Cover

Documentation
User Inputs
Summary Outputs
Detailed Outputs
New! Storage Outputs
Renamed Hybrid Storage

Updated

Remain

Unchanged

On-site Loads

**New!** Retail Rates

New! Standalone Storage

Solar Profile

Energy

Losses

Capacity

DRV

LSRV

**LSRV Hours** 

**Community Credits** 

- Updated layout and additional retail rate section
- New standalone storage functionality
  - Improved visualization
  - Now incorporates grid charging costs for standalone storage
  - Incorporates standalone storage dispatch with grid charging costs (rather than charging from solar only)

#### **Key Update Considerations:**

- Maintain familiar user functionality
- Provide nuanced dispatch modeling for both solar + storage and stand-alone storage projects
- Recognize differences in Value Stack Component eligibility for stand-alone storage projects
- Expand database of utility retail rates for user selection

## Tips, Do's, and Don'ts

The Documentation tab is a key resource – give it a read before using the calculator!

The first input is the most important – Be sure to select the appropriate Project Type

Double-check LSRV eligibility with hosting capacity map and/or utility monthly filings.

Most LSRV zones have been fully allocated.

If in ConEdison territory, double-check the CSRP window with the most recent year's CSRP map

Found on ConEdison's Smart Usage Rewards for Aggregators page. 2024 map available here

#### Keep in mind how on-site projects receive benefits

If under 750kWac, choice of net metering or value stack kWh consumed onsite offset retail purchases (so double check the customer's retail rate). kWh exported to the grid receive the value stack

#### Remember that project revenue does not necessarily equal developer's revenue

For a PPA with 10% customer savings, the customer will only pay the developer 90% of the values in the "Summary Outputs" tab

## Tips, Do's, and Don'ts

Consider – do I want an optimistic, a conservative, or a best-guess estimate of revenue?

Think carefully about escalators – they compound a lot over a 25-year cashflow!

Double check your inputs and units (for instance kW vs MW)

If uncertain of what inputs mean, look to the notes on the right side of the User Inputs tab or to the Documentation tab for help

Send calculator questions or feedback to vder@nyserda.ny.gov

Password to unlock the calculator is nysun

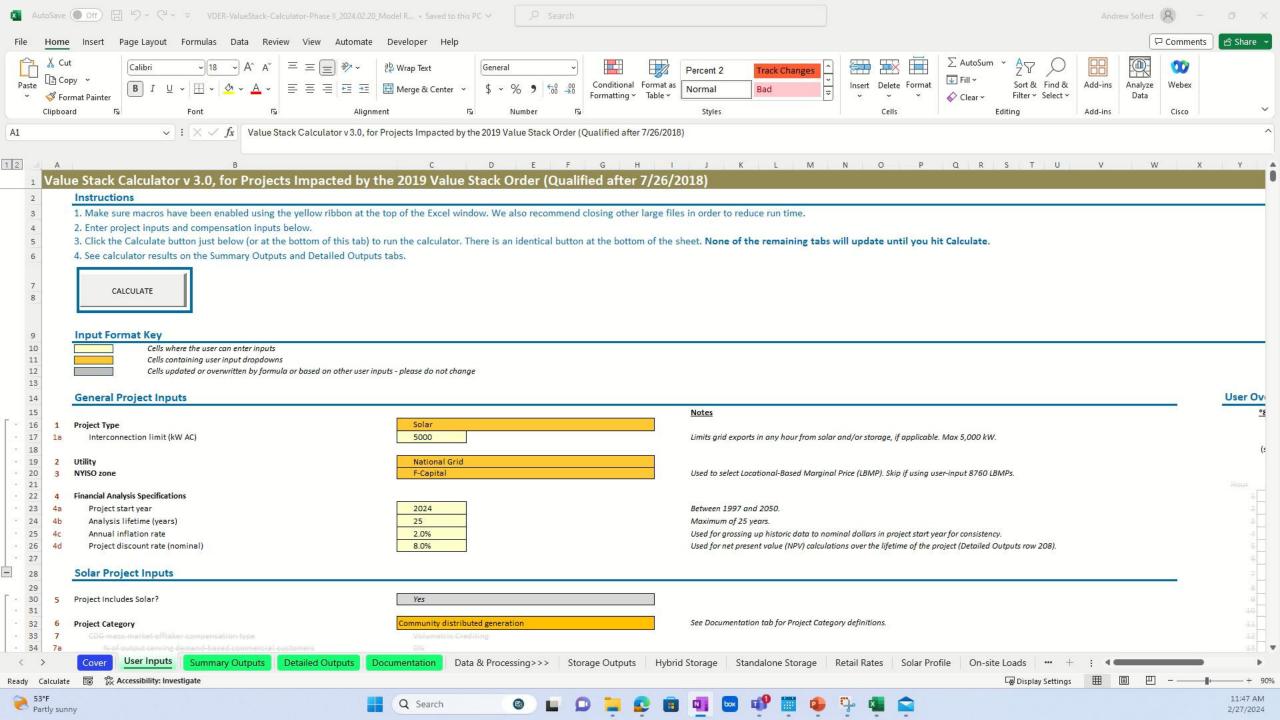
Provided for the purposes of tracing formulae

# Chapter 3: Using the Value Stack Calculator Sample Model Runs

## Sample Model Runs

#### **Updated Model Overview**

- 1. Community Distributed Generation (CDG) National Grid
- 2. Remote Crediting with Solar and Storage ConEdison
- 3. Behind-the-Meter Solar with On-site Load (Small customer) Orange & Rockland
- 4. Standalone Storage ConEdison



#### **National Grid CDG System**

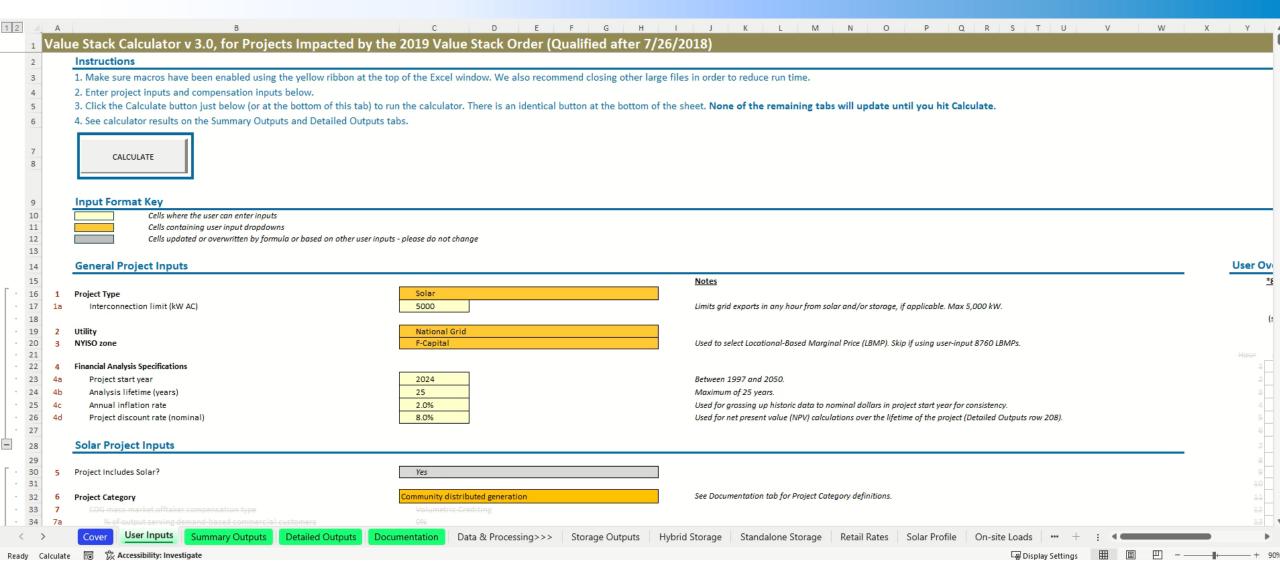
7.5MW DC system, 5MW AC

**Fixed tilt system under ICAP Alternative 1:** 

Year 1 credits = ?

**Single-axis tracking system under ICAP Alternative 2:** 

Year 1 credits = ?



Fixed tilt system under ICAP Alternative 1

	alue Stack Calculator v 3.0, for Projects Impacted by the 2019 Value Stack Order (Qualified after 7/26/2018)																					
	MONTHLY COMPENSATION FOR EXPORTS - SOLAR:																					
		2024_1 2		2024_2		2024_3		2024_4		2024_5		2024_6		2024_7		2024_8		2024_9	2024_10	2024_11	2024_12	
		Jan-24		Feb-24		Mar-24		Apr-24		May-24		Jun-24		4 Jul-24		Aug-24		Sep-24	Oct-24	Nov-24	Dec-24	
	Exports																					
	Solar generation immediately exported by solar system (kWh)		537,651		696,360		902,436		837,474		929,791	92	28,569	1	868,504	8	38,337	834,595	546,837	548,742	383,819	
1	Value stack compensation from solar exports (\$Nominal)																					
_	Energy value	\$	50,211	\$	60,306	\$	48,373	\$	41,432	\$	53,577	\$ 5	52,504	\$	70,028	\$	64,023	\$ 51,887	\$ 28,821	\$ 34,114	\$ 29,191	
	Capacity value (36-month average Alternative 1 Rate (Jan 2021-Dec 2023) selected)	\$	10,525	\$	12,970	\$	6,823	\$	2,887	\$	12,805	\$ 1	13,684	\$	13,526	\$	13,584	\$ 15,867	\$ 14,374	\$ 9,623	\$ 8,457	
	Environmental value	\$	16,683	\$	21,608	\$	28,003	\$	25,987	\$	28,851	\$ 2	28,814	\$	26,950	\$	26,014	\$ 25,897	\$ 16,968	\$ 17,027	\$ 11,910	
	Demand reduction value	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,254	\$	43,891	\$	46,064	\$ 20,288	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	Locational system relief value	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	Community Credit	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	Total Value Stack compensation from solar generation immediately exported	\$	77,420	\$	94,884	\$	83,199	\$	70,306	\$	95,234	\$ 10	03,256	\$	154,394	\$ 1	49,684	\$ 113,940	\$ 60,163	\$ 60,764	\$ 49,559	

Single-axis tracking system under ICAP Alternative 2

	Value Stack Calculator v 3.0, for Projects Impacted by the 201	9 Va	alue St	ack	Ord	er	(Quali	ifie	d afte	er 7	7/26/2	201	.8)									
	MONTHLY COMPENSATION FOR EXPORTS - SOLAR:																					
3		2024_	1	2024_	2	2024	4_3	2024	1_4	2024	4_5	2024	_6	2024	4_7	2024_8	- 2	2024_9	2024_10	2024_11	2024_12	,
•			Jan-24	Fe	b-24	N	1ar-24	Α	pr-24	M	1ay-24	Ju	ın-24		Jul-24	Aug-24	1	Sep-24	Oct-24	Nov-24	Dec-2	4
	Exports																					
	Solar generation immediately exported by solar system (kWh)		471,241	6	90,757	1,	037,603	1,0	014,792	1,	214,567	1,2	61,621	1	,126,792	1,028,2	74	946,600	544,539	478,646	307,0	25
	Value stack compensation from solar exports (\$Nominal)																					
_	Energy value	\$	44,421	\$ !	59,725	\$	57,185	\$	51,654	\$	71,638	\$	71,768	\$	91,371	\$ 79,3	99	\$ 60,071	\$ 29,224	\$ 30,206	\$ 23,5	36
	Capacity value (36-month average Alternative 2 Rate (Jan 2021-Dec 2023) selected)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,994	\$	49,245	\$ 49,1	93	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	Environmental value	\$	14,623	\$ :	21,434	\$	32,197	\$	31,489	\$	37,688	\$	39,148	\$	34,964	\$ 31,9	07	\$ 29,373	\$ 16,897	\$ 14,852	\$ 9,5	27
	Demand reduction value	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,994	\$	59,247	\$ 60,1	37	\$ 26,214	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	Locational system relief value	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	Community Credit	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	Total Value Stack compensation from solar generation immediately exported	\$	59,044	\$	81,160	\$	89,382	\$	83,143	\$	109,326	\$ 1	30,904	\$	234,827	\$ 220,6	37	\$ 115,658	\$ 46,121	\$ 45,059	\$ 33,0	53
		1																				

#### **National Grid CDG System**

7.5MW DC system

#### **Fixed tilt system under ICAP Alternative 1:**

Year 1 credits = \$1,112,801

NPV: \$12,753,587

#### Single-axis tracking system under ICAP Alternative 2:

Year 1 credits = \$1,248,324

NPV: \$14,252,765

## Remote Crediting with Solar and Storage

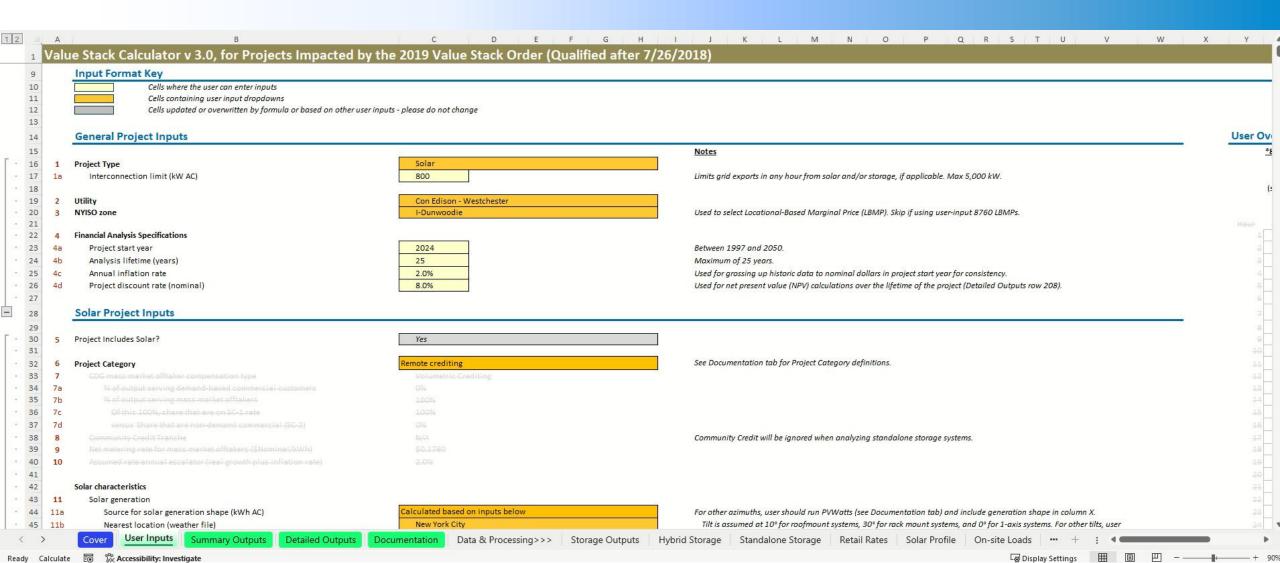
#### **ConEdison System with Remote Crediting**

1 MWdc of PV, 800kWac interconnection limit, no on-site load, 2-6PM peaking window Year 1 revenue = ?

Add 200kW, 4-hr battery, under ICAP Alternative 2

Year 1 revenue = ?

## Remote Crediting with Solar and Storage



#### Behind-the-Meter Solar with On-site Load

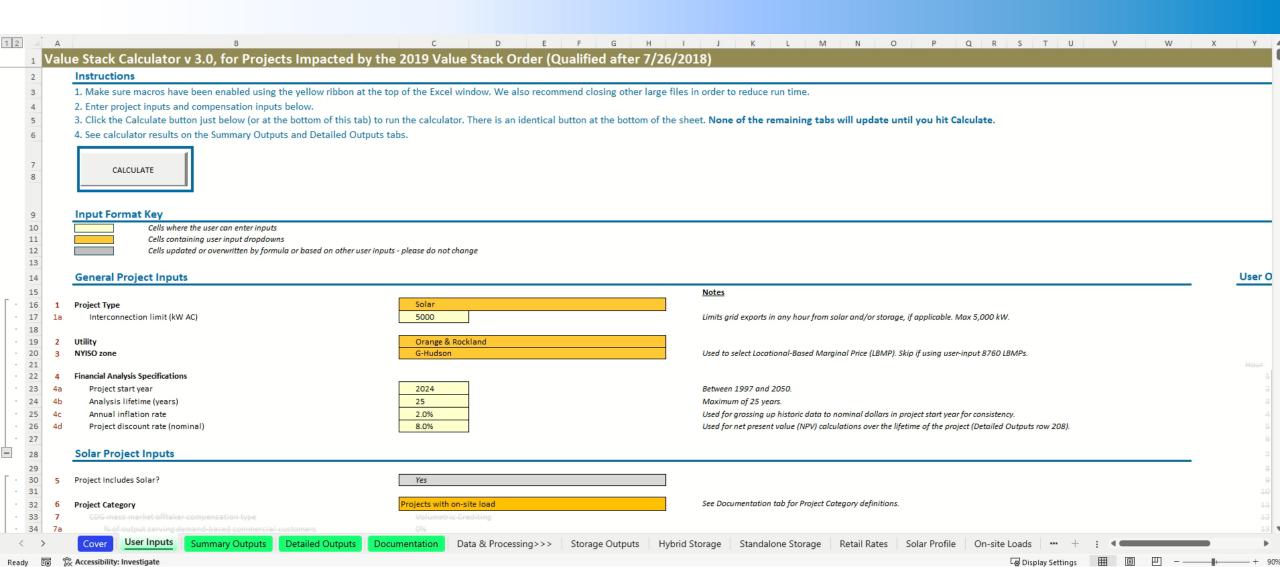
#### O&R small commercial customer with on-site load

40kW DC system

Customer currently consumes 50,000kWh/year at \$0.14/kWh

- A) Solar reduces customer's O&R bill purchases by \$? / yr
- B) Solar provides value stack credits of \$?/yr
- C) Customer's annual savings from solar (bill savings + value stack credits) = A+B

#### Behind-the-Meter Solar with On-site Load



## Stand-alone Storage

#### ConEdison stand-alone storage customer

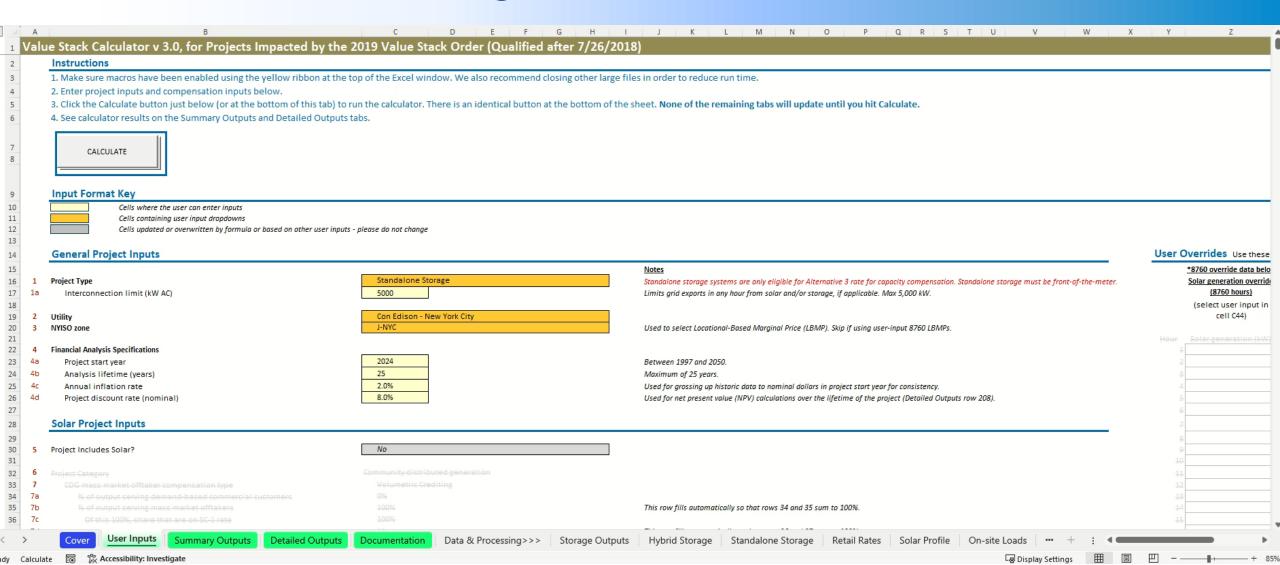
1000kW, 4-hr battery system under ICAP Alternative 3

Year 1 revenue = ?

Year 1 charging cost = ?

Year 1 net revenue = ?

## Stand-alone Storage



## Thank you!